Audited Financial Statements

June 30, 2020



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Board of Directors Carlisle Area School District Carlisle, Pennsylvania

REPORT ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Carlisle Area School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Carlisle Area School District, as of June 30, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof and the budgetary comparison for the General Fund, for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 4 through 14 and pension and OPEB schedules on pages 62 through 66 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's response to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Carlisle Area School District's basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200 (CFR), Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedule of expenditures of federal awards is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

OTHER REPORTING REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 21, 2020, on our consideration of Carlisle Area School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Carlisle Area School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

South Elliott Kearns* Company LLC
Carlisle, Pennsylvania
December 21, 2020

The management of the Carlisle Area School District (CASD or School District) is pleased to present the following discussion and analysis of our financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020. The purpose of this discussion and analysis is to provide a narrative summary of the financial position and activities of the CASD in order to enhance the reader's understanding of the CASD's basic financial statements. It should be read in conjunction with the accompanying financial statements and notes following this section. This discussion and analysis provides comparative information as required by Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 34.

The Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) is an element of the reporting model adopted by GASB in Statement No. 34. Certain condensed comparative analyses of financial statements have been presented in this financial analysis.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The CASD had a net increase in fund balance from general fund operations of \$6,773,940 from revenues of \$88,899,157 during 2019-20.
- CASD increased its governmental fund balance by \$6,574,758 from \$33,282,784 on June 30, 2019 to \$39,857,542 as of June 30, 2020.
- Government and business activities had a positive change in net position during 2019-20 of \$9,171,882 from (\$16,956,319) on June 30, 2019 to (\$7,784,437) as of June 30, 2020.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This annual report consists of three parts: management's discussion and analysis (this section), the basic financial statements, and required supplementary information. The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements that present different views of the School District.

The first two statements are government-wide financial statements - the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities. These provide both long-term and short-term information about the School District's overall financial status.

The remaining statements are fund financial statements that focus on individual parts of the School District's operations in more detail that the government-wide statements. The governmental funds statements tell how general CASD services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. Proprietary fund statements offer short and long-term financial information about the activities that the School District operates like a business. For the CASD this is our Food Service Fund, Other Enterprise Funds, and Medical Insurance Fund. Fiduciary fund statements provide information about financial relationships where the CASD acts solely as a trustee or agent for the benefit of others, to whom the resources in question belong.

The financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the financial statements and provide more detailed data. The statements are followed by a section of required supplementary information that further explains and supports the financial statements with a comparison of the School District's budget for the year.

Table A-1 shows how the required parts of this annual report are arranged and related to one another:

Table A-1 Required Components of Carlisle Area School District's Financial Report

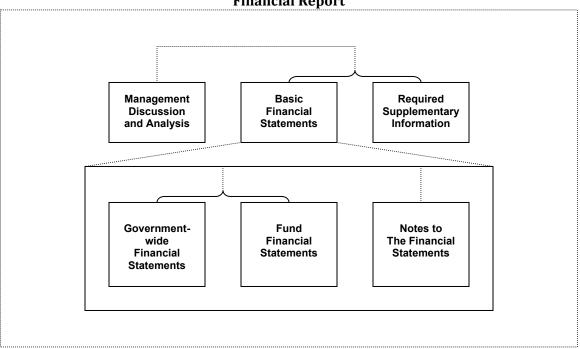




Table A-2 summarizes the major features of the CASD's financial statements, including the portion of the School District they cover and the types of information they contain. The remainder of this overview section of the MD&A explains the structure and contents of each of the statements.

Table A-2
Major Features of Carlisle Area School District's
Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

			Fund Statements	
	Government-wide	Governmental Funds	Proprietary Funds	Fiduciary Funds
Scope	* Entire School District (except fiduciary funds)	*The activities of the School District that are not proprietary or fiduciary, such as education, administration and community services	*Activities the School District operates similar to private business-Food Services	*Instances in which the School District is the trustee or agent to someone else's resources - Trust Funds
Required Financial Statements	*Statement of activities position revenues, expenditures, and changes in function balance		*Statement of net position *Statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in fund net position *Statement of cash flows	*Statement of fiduciary net position *Statement of changes in fiduciary net position
Accounting basis and measurements focus	*Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	*Modified accrual accounting and current financial resources focus	*Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	*Accrual accounting and economic resources focus
Type of asset/liability information	*All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, and short-term and long-term	*Only assets expected to be used up and liabilities that come due during the year or soon thereafter; no long- term capital assets and liabilities included	*All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, and short-term and long-term	*All assets and liabilities, both short- term and long-term
*All revenues and expenses during year, regardless of when cash is received or paid		*Revenues for which cash is received during or soon after the end of the year; expenditures when goods or services have been received and payment is due during the year or soon thereafter	*All revenues and expenses during the year regardless of when cash is received or paid	*All revenue and expenses during the year regardless of when cash is received or paid

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OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Government-Wide Statements

The government-wide statements report information about the CASD as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The statement of net position includes all of the government's assets and liabilities. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the statement of activities regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two government-wide statements report the CASD's net position and how they have changed. Net position, the difference between the School District's assets/deferred outflows of resources and liabilities/deferred inflows of resources, are one way to measure the School District's financial health or position.

Increases or decreases in the CASD's net position are an indication of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating, respectively.

To assess the overall health of the CASD, you need to consider additional non-financial factors, such as changes in the School District's property tax base and the academic performance of its students.

The government-wide financial statements of the CASD are divided into two categories:

- Governmental activities All of the CASD's basic services are included here, such as instruction, administration and community services. Property taxes and state and federal subsidies and grants finance most of these activities.
- **Business type activities** The CASD operates a food service operation and charges fees to staff, students and visitors to help it cover the costs of the food service operation.

Fund Financial Statements

The CASD's fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the CASD's funds focusing on the most significant funds - not the School District as a whole. Some funds are required by state law and by bond requirements to be reported as major funds.

The CASD has three kinds of funds:

Governmental Funds - Most of the CASD's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on the determination of financial position and change in financial position, not on income determination. They are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the CASD's operations and the services it provides. Governmental fund information helps the reader determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the CASD's programs. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the government-wide statement, the relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds is reconciled in the financial statements.

Proprietary Funds - These funds are used to account for the CASD activities that are similar to business operations in the private sector; or where the reporting is on determining net income, financial position, changes in financial position, and a significant portion of funding through user charges. When the CASD charges customers for services it provides - whether to outside customers or to other units in the School District - these services are generally reported in proprietary funds. The food service fund is one of the CASD's proprietary funds and is the same as the business-type activities we report in the government-wide statements, but provide more detail and additional information, such as cash flows. The CASD uses an internal service fund to report activities that provide services and supplies for its other programs and activities. The CASD currently has one internal service fund, its employee medical benefits trust fund.

Fiduciary Funds - The CASD is the trustee, or fiduciary, for assets that belong to others - the scholarship funds and student activities funds. All of the CASD's fiduciary activities are reported in a separate Statement of Fiduciary Net Position. We exclude these activities from the CASD's government-wide financial statement because the School District cannot use these assets to finance its operations.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT

The CASD's total governmental and business activities - net position as of June 30, 2020, was (\$7,784,437). This is an increase of \$9,171,882 over the (\$16,956,319) at June 30, 2019.

Statement of Net Position

	Governmen	tal Activities	Business-Ty	pe Activities	Totals				
	June 30, 2020	June 30, 2019	June 30, 2020	June 30, 2019	June 30, 2020	June 30, 2019			
Assets and Deferred Outflows of									
Resources									
Current and other assets	\$ 55,232,365	\$ 48,001,766	\$ 1,503,185	\$ 1,218,300	\$ 56,735,550	\$ 49,220,066			
Capital assets	97,509,199	101,337,400	473,799	547,867	97,982,998	101,885,267			
Deferred Outflows of Resources	13,781,044	15,751,778	37,020	16,451	13,818,064	15,768,229			
Total Assets and Deferred									
Outflows of Resources	\$ 166,522,608	\$ 165,090,944	\$ 2,014,004	\$ 1,782,618	\$ 168,536,612	\$ 166,873,562			
Liabilities									
Current liabilities	\$ 15,783,647	\$ 15,309,633	\$ 69,625	\$ 70,294	\$ 15,853,272	\$ 15,379,927			
Noncurrent liabilities	152,388,791	160,914,823	140,027	110,793	152,528,818	161,025,616			
Total Liabilities	168,172,438	176,224,456	209,652	181,087	168,382,090	176,405,543			
Deferred Inflows of Resources	7,902,633	7,376,111	36,326	48,227	7,938,959	7,424,338			
Net Position									
Net investment in capital assets	50,687,430	49,135,687	473,799	534,181	51,161,229	49,669,868			
Restricted - future capital expenses	11,922,426	12,126,928	-	-	11,922,426	12,126,928			
Restricted - medical insurance	5,031,896	-	-	-	5,031,896	-			
Unrestricted	(77,194,215)	(79,772,238)	1,294,227	1,019,123	(75,899,988)	(78,753,115)			
Total Net Position	(9,552,463)	(18,509,623)	1,768,026	1,553,304	(7,784,437)	(16,956,319)			
Total Liabilities and Net Position	\$ 166,522,608	\$ 165,090,944	\$ 2,014,004	\$ 1,782,618	\$ 168,536,612	\$ 166,873,562			

Most of the CASD's net position is invested in capital assets (buildings, land, and equipment). The remaining unrestricted net assets are combined of designated and undesignated amounts. The restricted balances are amounts set-aside to fund future purchases or capital projects as planned by the School District.

The results of this year's operations as a whole are reported in the Statement of Activities. All expenses are reported in the first column. Specific charges, grants, revenues and subsidies that directly relate to specific expense categories are represented to determine the final amount of the CASD's activities that are supported by other general revenues. The two largest general revenues are local taxes assessed to community taxpayers and the basic education subsidy provided by the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Statement of Activities Change of Net Position

	 overnmental Activities	isiness-Type Activities	Totals	
Program Revenues				
Charges for services	\$ 510,199	\$ 961,743	\$ 1,471,942	
Operating grants and contributions	14,033,145	1,614,125	15,647,270	
Capital grants and contributions	963,982	-	963,982	
General Revenues				
Taxes	58,241,194	-	58,241,194	
Grants, subsidies, and contributions	14,950,110	-	14,950,110	
Investment earnings	443,089	13,448	456,537	
Miscellaneous income and sale of assets	(220,283)	3,904	(216,379)	
Transfers	 (8,192)	 8,192	 	
Total Revenues	88,913,244	2,601,412	91,514,656	
District Expenses	 79,956,084	 2,386,690	 82,342,774	
Change in Net Position	\$ 8,957,160	\$ 214,722	\$ 9,171,882	

Direct expenses represent the actual cost of providing services and programs while the net cost represents the amount of cost that is not recovered through program revenues, meaning user charges, grants and contributions. The net cost of services must be recovered through general revenue, primarily taxes and state subsidies. Amounts not recovered will reduce funds available for future years.

Governmental and Business-Type Activities

		Governmen	tal	Activities	Business-Type Activities					Totals				
	Ju	ine 30, 2020	Jı	une 30, 2019	Ju	ne 30, 2020	Ju	ne 30, 2019	June 30, 2020			June 30, 2019		
Revenues														
Program Revenues														
Charges for services	\$	510,199	\$	610,357	\$	961,743	\$	1,249,153	\$	1,471,942	\$	1,859,510		
Operating grants and contributions		14,033,145		13,879,218		1,614,125		1,662,470		15,647,270		15,541,688		
Capital grants and contributions		963,982		983,108		-		-		963,982		983,108		
General Revenues														
Taxes		58,241,194		55,887,403		-		-		58,241,194		55,887,403		
Grants, subsidies, and contributions		14,950,110		14,808,507		-		-		14,950,110		14,808,507		
Investment earnings		443,089		459,941		13,448		12,498		456,537		472,439		
Miscellaneous income and sale of assets		(220,283)		(191,738)		3,904		4,761		(216,379)		(186,977)		
Transfers		(8,192)		(907)		8,192		907		-		-		
Total Revenue		88,913,244		86,435,889		2,601,412		2,929,789		91,514,656		89,365,678		
Expenses														
Instruction		50,476,424		49,836,311		-		-		50,476,424		49,836,311		
Instructional student support		7,760,897		7,693,269		-		-		7,760,897		7,693,269		
Administrative and financial support		8,867,984		10,179,439		-		-		8,867,984		10,179,439		
Operation of maintenance of plant services		5,962,083		6,728,341		-		-		5,962,083		6,728,341		
Pupil transportation		3,891,078		3,959,124		-		-		3,891,078		3,959,124		
Student activities		1,433,207		1,513,061		-		-		1,433,207		1,513,061		
Community services		12,849		14,270		-		-		12,849		14,270		
Interest on long-term debt		1,551,562		1,660,484		-		-		1,551,562		1,660,484		
Business-type activities						2,386,690		2,559,191		2,386,690		2,559,191		
Total Expense		79,956,084		81,584,299		2,386,690		2,559,191		82,342,774		84,143,490		
Changes in Net Position		8,957,160		4,851,590		214,722		370,598		9,171,882		5,222,188		
Net Position - Beginning		(18,509,623)	_	(23,361,213)		1,553,304		1,182,706		(16,956,319)		(22,178,507)		
Net Position - Ending	\$	(9,552,463)	\$	(18,509,623)	\$	1,768,026	\$	1,553,304	\$	(7,784,437)	\$	(16,956,319)		

Fund Balances

The CASD classifies fund balances based on the relative strength of the constraints that control the purposes for which specific amounts can be spent, in accordance with GASB standards. CASD increased its governmental fund balance by \$6,574,758 from \$33,282,784 on June 30, 2019, to \$39,857,542 as of June 30, 2020.

The Board of Directors uses the CASD's fund balances to cover the costs of current and future capital projects, including those related to technology, and to protect educational programs and operating expenses against future scheduled increases in the state retirement system employer contribution rates, along with future volatility in funding sources and the economy of the region.

Governmental Fund Balance

Governmental Fund Balance	
General Fund - nonspendable fund balance	\$ 149,145
General Fund - committed fund balance	1,797,990
General Fund - assigned fund balance	6,000,000
General Fund - unassigned fund balance	15,128,146
Capital Projects Fund - committed fund balance	4,859,835
Capital Reserve Fund - restricted fund balance	 11,922,426
Total Governmental Fund Balance	\$ 39,857,542
Total nonspendable fund balance	\$ 149,145
Total restricted fund balance	11,922,426
Total committed fund balance	6,657,825
Total assigned fund balance	6,000,000
Total unassigned fund balance	 15,128,146
Total Governmental Fund Balance	\$ 39,857,542

General Fund Budget

On June 27, 2006, the Pennsylvania Legislature passed Act 1 of Special Session of 2006, entitled the "Taxpayer Relief Act". Act 1 requires school districts to limit tax increases in the property tax millage rate to no more than the level set by an inflation index, unless the school district obtains approval from the Pennsylvania Department of Education for certain exceptions, or approval for a higher increase is received from voters in a ballot referendum. For the 2019-20 fiscal year, CASD's adjusted Act 1 Index was set at 3.0% and the Board of Directors voted to increase the property tax millage rate the same amount.

It is important to note that school district boards of school directors are the only elected boards with taxing authority in Pennsylvania where the authority is limited by law. All other elected boards, including city/borough councils, township supervisors, county commissioners, and the general assembly have no such limitation. With declining or minimal increases in education funding from the state and federal governments, the Carlisle Area School District will be challenged in the future to balance the general fund budget.

The Board of Directors and CASD administration will continue to work in the future to put together an annual operating budget that focuses on the educational development of students and properly maintains the facilities of the School District for the long-term.

	F	inal Budget	Actual	Variance
Total Revenues	\$	86,219,973	\$ 88,899,157	\$ 2,679,184
Total Expenditures		86,589,238	 80,660,438	 5,928,800
Revenues Over/(Under) Expenditures		(369,265)	8,238,719	8,607,984
Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(8,011)	 (1,464,779)	(1,456,768)
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	(377,276)	\$ 6,773,940	\$ 7,151,216

Capital Assets

As of June 30, 2020, the School District in conducting its governmental activities had \$ 97,509,199 invested in capital assets; including land; buildings; site improvements; equipment, furniture, and fixtures; and construction in process. This amount represents a net decrease (including additions, deletions and depreciation) of \$ 3,828,201 from the previous fiscal year.

Capital Assets (Net of Depreciation)

	Ju	ne 30, 2020	Ju	ıne 30, 2019	Change			
Governmental Activities								
Land	\$	1,800,459	\$	1,951,733	\$	(151,274)		
Buildings		85,595,187		87,101,378		(1,506,191)		
Site improvements		4,991,950		5,219,951		(228,001)		
Equipment, furniture, and fixtures		4,064,277		5,173,616		(1,109,339)		
Construction in process		1,057,326		1,890,722		(833,396)		
Total Governmental Activities	\$	97,509,199	\$	101,337,400	\$	(3,828,201)		
Business-Type Activities								
Furniture and equipment	\$	473,799	\$	547,867	\$	(74,068)		

Long-Term Liabilities/Outstanding Bonds and Notes Payable

As of June 30, 2019, the CASD had total outstanding bonds and notes payable of \$53,870,088. During the 2019-20 fiscal year, the CASD made payments of \$8,784,178 and refunded Series of 2015B with Series of 2019, resulting in a balance, as of June 30, 2020, of \$47,925,910. The CASD's debt is assigned a Moody's rating of Aa2, which reflects the high quality of the CASD's debt.

Outstanding Bonds and Notes Payable

	Ju	ne 30, 2020	Ju	ne 30, 2019	Change
General Obligation Bonds					
Series of 2012B	\$	1,530,000	\$	2,270,000	\$ (740,000)
Series of 2014		1,480,000		3,015,000	(1,535,000)
Series of 2014B		-		650,000	(650,000)
Series of 2015A		5,030,000		6,495,000	(1,465,000)
Series of 2015B		-		2,705,000	(2,705,000)
Series of 2016		1,970,000		2,230,000	(260,000)
Series of 2017		25,485,000		25,650,000	(165,000)
Series of 2018		6,450,000		6,975,000	(525,000)
Series of 2019		2,790,000		-	2,790,000
Unamortized bond (discounts) premium		3,190,910		3,880,088	(689,178)
Total General Obligation Bonds	\$	47,925,910	\$	53,870,088	\$ (5,944,178)

Other long-term liabilities of the CASD include accrued sick leave vacation and retirement stipend for employees and other post-employment benefits (OPEB) for retired employees and net pension liability. CASD retirees may purchase medical, prescription drug, dental, and vision coverages until they reach age 65.

FACTORS BEARING ON THE CASD'S FUTURE

The CASD continues to maintain a strong financial position based upon a stable tax base and adequate reserves to provide coverage for changes in economic conditions and state and federal government funding. During the 2012-13 and 2013-14 fiscal years, the School District undertook a \$ 39 million project to renovate and expand its two middle schools, which were originally opened in the late 1970's. This resulted in a substantial increase in the long-term debt of the School District in the 2011-12 fiscal year.

The future funding levels for CASD operations continues to be uncertain. As noted previously, Pennsylvania law limits the ability of the Board of Directors to increase the property tax millage rate for any given fiscal year. Property taxes represent the major source of revenue for the School District. The level of state funding provided for K-12 education continues to be an item vigorously debated in the State General Assembly on an annual basis.

CASD ended the 2019-20 fiscal year in the middle of the COVID-19 pandemic. It is unknown at the end of 2019-20 fiscal year how District funding and expenditures will be impacted by the pandemic for future years.

The funding of the cost of employee retirement through the Pennsylvania School Employees Retirement System (PSERS) remains a substantial financial concern. The employer contribution rate based on wages paid has increased substantially in the last few years as follows: 8.65% in 2011-12, 12.36% in 2012-13, 16.93% in 2013-14, 21.40% in 2014-15, 25.84% in 2015-2016, 30.03% in 2016-17, 32.57% in 2017-18, 33.43% in 2018-19 and 34.29% in 2019-20. The contribution rate for the 2020-21 fiscal year has been certified by the PSERS Board of Trustees at 34.51%. Currently, the rates for future fiscal years are projected at 34.95% for 2021-22, 35.62% for 2022-23, and 36.12% for 2023-24. The contribution rate is projected to continue to be in excess of 36% for at least 2 additional years beyond 2023-24. Even at the elevated rate of 34.51% in 2020-21, the unfunded liability for the retirement system is projected to increase. The CASD has no control over the retirement plan provided to its employees or the rate required for it to be funded.

The student enrollment of the CASD has seen moderate growth in recent years and based on demographic data is projected to continue to grow modestly and then stabilize. At this point, the School District is expecting to be able to accommodate future enrollment increases at existing school sites with the addition of classroom capacity as necessary.

The safety and security of students, staff, parents, and the public has been and will remain a high priority for the CASD. It is expected that the School District will continue to make investments in safety and security going forward.

The current collective bargaining agreement with the Carlisle Area Education Association, which represents the teachers and other professional employees of the CASD, expired on August 15, 2020. The CASD administration and the CAEA leadership have a good working relationship and the expectation is that a good relationship will continue into the future.

CONTACTING THE CASD'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide the reader with a general overview of the Carlisle Area School District's finances and to demonstrate the accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report, please contact the Business Manager of the Carlisle Area School District located at 623 West Penn Street, Carlisle, PA 17013 at (717) 240-6800 Ext. 16055.

CARLISLE AREA SCHOOL DISTRICT **Statement of Net Position** June 30, 2020

	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
ASSETS			
Current Assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 27,824,134	\$ 1,369,808	\$ 29,193,942
Investments	14,974,113	-	14,974,113
Receivables:			
Taxes, net	3,369,165	-	3,369,165
Intergovernmental	3,399,877	-	3,399,877
Other	583,309	51,070	634,379
Internal balances	(22,433)	22,092	(341)
Inventories	-	60,215	60,215
Prepaid items	5,104,200	1 502 105	5,104,200
Total current assets	55,232,365	1,503,185	56,735,550
Noncurrent Assets			
Capital assets not being depreciated			
Land	1,800,459	153,900	1,954,359
Construction in progress	1,057,326	-	1,057,326
Capital assets net of accumulated depreciation			
Site improvements	4,991,950	25,542	5,017,492
Buildings and improvements	85,595,187	185,540	85,780,727
Equipment, furniture and fixtures	4,064,277	108,817	4,173,094
Total noncurrent assets	97,509,199	473,799	97,982,998
Total assets	152,741,564	1,976,984	154,718,548
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferred outflows related to pension liability	11,383,287	34,268	11,417,555
Deferred outflows related to OPEB liability	1,021,843	2,752	1,024,595
Deferred charge on bond refunding	1,375,914		1,375,914
Total deferred outflows of resources	13,781,044	37,020	13,818,064
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	\$ 166,522,608	\$ 2,014,004	\$ 168,536,612
LIABILITIES			
Current liabilities			
Accounts payable	\$ 2,101,705	\$ 69,239	\$ 2,170,944
Accrued salaries, benefits and withholdings	6,883,981	-	6,883,981
Accrued interest	536,141	-	536,141
Portion due or payable within one year:			
General obligation bonds and notes payable	6,067,589	-	6,067,589
Compensated absences and retirement stipend	194,231	386	194,617
Total current liabilities	15,783,647	69,625	15,853,272
Noncurrent liabilities			
Portion due or payable after one year:			
General obligation bonds and notes payable	41,858,321	-	41,858,321
Compensated absences and retirement stipend	1,473,929	3,470	1,477,399
Net pension liability	101,577,948	127,442	101,705,390
OPEB liability	7,478,593	9,115	7,487,708
Total noncurrent liabilities	152,388,791	140,027	152,528,818
Total liabilities	168,172,438	209,652	168,382,090
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferred inflows related to pension liability	6,736,591	33,985	6,770,576
Deferred inflows related to OPEB liability	1,166,042	2,341	1,168,383
Total deferred inflows of resources	7,902,633	36,326	7,938,959
NET POSITION			
Net investment in capital assets	50,687,430	473,799	51,161,229
Restricted		113,177	, ,
Future capital expenses	11,922,426	-	11,922,426
Future medical expenses	5,031,896		5,031,896
Unrestricted	(77,194,215)	1,294,227	(75,899,988)
Total net position	(9,552,463)	1,768,026	(7,784,437)
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and net position	<u>\$ 166,522,608</u>	\$ 2,014,004	\$ 168,536,612

CARLISLE AREA SCHOOL DISTRICT **Statement of Activities** Year Ended June 30, 2020

			Program Revenue				Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position						
Functions/Programs	1	Expenses		narges for Services	(Operating Grants and ontributions	-	tal Grants and cributions	Governmental Activities		siness-type Activities		Total
Primary Government	Expenses Services contributions contribution		.i ibutions	Activities		ictivities		Total					
Governmental activities													
Instruction	\$	50,476,424	\$	314,297	\$	10,762,697	\$	_	\$ (39,399,430)	\$	_	\$	(39,399,430)
Instructional student support	•	7,760,897	•	-	•	968,240	•	_	(6,792,657)	,	_	,	(6,792,657)
Administrative and financial support services		8,867,984		120,133		719,544		_	(8,028,307)		_		(8,028,307)
Operation and maintenance of plant services		5,962,083		14,398		265,332		_	(5,682,353)		_		(5,682,353)
Pupil transportation		3,891,078		-		1,165,356		-	(2,725,722)		-		(2,725,722)
Student activities		1,433,207		60,361		140,285		_	(1,232,561)		_		(1,232,561)
Community services		12,849		1,010		11,691		-	(148)		-		(148)
Interest on long-term debt		1,551,562		-		-		963,982	(587,580)		-		(587,580)
Total governmental activities		79,956,084		510,199		14,033,145		963,982	(64,448,758)		-		(64,448,758)
Business-type activities													
Food services		2,304,268		726,379		1,614,125		-	-		36,236		36,236
Property rentals		82,422		235,364		-		-	-		152,942		152,942
Total business-type activities		2,386,690		961,743		1,614,125		-			189,178		189,178
Total primary government	\$	82,342,774	\$	1,471,942	\$	15,647,270	\$	963,982	\$ (64,448,758)	\$	189,178	\$	(64,259,580)
	Gen	eral revenues	and tr	ansfers									
	F	Property taxes l	evied f	or general pur	poses	, public utility re	ealty tax	,					
		and earned in	come t	ax					\$ 58,241,194	\$	-	\$	58,241,194
	(Grants, subsidie	es and o	contributions n	ot res	stricted			14,950,110		-		14,950,110
	I	nvestment earı	nings						443,089		13,448		456,537
	N	Miscellaneous i	ncome						33,747		3,556		37,303
		Gain (loss) on sa Fransfers	ale of c	apital assets					(254,030) (8,192)		348 8,192		(253,682)
		Total general	revenu	es and transfe	rs				73,405,918		25,544		73,431,462
		Change in ne	et posit	cion					8,957,160		214,722		9,171,882
	Net	position - begin	ning						(18,509,623)		1,553,304		(16,956,319)
	Net	position - endir	ng						\$ (9,552,463)	\$	1,768,026	\$	(7,784,437)

	General Fund		Сар	oital Projects Fund	Capital Reservo		Go	Total overnmental Funds
ASSETS								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	20,824,626	\$	2,350,715	\$	4,648,793	\$	27,824,134
Investments		4,990,123		2,496,990		7,487,000		14,974,113
Taxes receivable, net		3,369,165		-		-		3,369,165
Due from other funds		4,641		-		-		4,641
Receivable from other governments		3,399,877		-		-		3,399,877
Other receivables		435,844		12,130		58,494		506,468
Prepaid expenditures		149,145			_		_	149,145
Total assets	\$	33,173,421	\$	4,859,835	\$	12,194,287	\$	50,227,543
LIABILITIES								
Accounts payable	\$	1,831,013	\$	-	\$	270,692	\$	2,101,705
Due to other funds		25,905		-		1,169		27,074
Accrued salaries, benefits and withholdings		6,883,981		-		-		6,883,981
Total liabilities	_	8,740,899		-	_	271,861		9,012,760
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Unavailable tax revenue		1,357,241		_		-		1,357,241
Total deferred inflows of resources	_	1,357,241			_	-		1,357,241
FUND BALANCES								
Nonspendable fund balance								
Nonspendable for future prepaid expenditures		149,145		_		-		149,145
Restricted fund balance		,						,
Restricted for future capital projects		-		_		11,922,426		11,922,426
Committed fund balance						, ,		, ,
Future retirement costs		1,000,000		-		-		1,000,000
Future medical insurance costs		297,990		-		-		297,990
Future property insurance		500,000		-		-		500,000
Future capital projects		-		4,859,835		-		4,859,835
Assigned fund balance								
Future cyber and charter school		1,000,000		-		-		1,000,000
Futuure special education		2,000,000		-		-		2,000,000
Future retirement costs		1,000,000		-		-		1,000,000
Future medical insurance costs		1,000,000		-		-		1,000,000
Future elementary program changes		500,000		-		-		500,000
Future athletic faciltiies		500,000		-		-		500,000
Unassigned fund balance	_	15,128,146			_			15,128,146
Total fund balances	_	23,075,281	_	4,859,835		11,922,426		39,857,542
Total liabilities, deferred inflows								
of resources and fund balances	\$	33,173,421	\$	4,859,835	\$	12,194,287	\$	50,227,543

CARLISLE AREA SCHOOL DISTRICT Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2020

Tota	l fund	ba	lances ·	government	al funds
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39,857,542

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not current financial resources and therefore are not reported in this fund financial statement, but are reported in the governmental activities of the Statement of Net Position.

> Cost of assets 177,058,363 Accumulated depreciation (79,549,164)97,509,199

An internal service fund is used by management to pay for medical insurance costs. The portion of net position of the internal service fund related to the governmental funds is included in the governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position.

5,031,896

Certain taxes receivable are not available soon enough to pay for current period expenditures and therefore are deferred in the fund financial statements.

1,357,241

Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and are not included in the fund financial statement, but are included in the governmental activities of the Statement of Net Position. Long-term liabilities and related deferred inflows and outflows of resources consist of:

Bonds and notes payable, net of discount and premium	(47,925,910)
Deferred charge on bond refunding	1,375,914
Accrued interest on bonds	(536,141)
Compensated absences/retirement stipend	(1,668,160)
Net pension liability	(101,577,948)
Deferred outflows related to pension liability	11,383,287
Deferred inflows related to pension liability	(6,736,591)
OPEB liability	(7,478,593)
Deferred outflows related to OPEB liability	1,021,843
Deferred inflows related to OPEB liability	(1.166.042)

(153,308,341)

Net position of governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position

(9,552,463)

CARLISLE AREA SCHOOL DISTRICT Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance -**Governmental Funds** Year Ended June 30, 2020

	General Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Capital Reserve Fund	Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES				
Local revenues				
Taxes	\$ 58,168,576	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 58,168,576
Investment earnings	239,398	28,980	101,133	369,511
Revenue from intermediate sources	917,700	-	-	917,700
Other	607,970	-	-	607,970
State sources	27,242,396	=	-	27,242,396
Federal sources	1,723,117		<u> </u>	1,723,117
Total revenues	88,899,157	28,980	101,133	89,029,270
EXPENDITURES				
Instruction	47,505,688	-	-	47,505,688
Support services	24,454,294	4,301	411,712	24,870,307
Operation of noninstructional services	1,524,465	-	-	1,524,465
Facilities acquisition, construction and				
improvements	-	19,359	1,393,923	1,413,282
Debt service:				
Principal	5,390,000	-	-	5,390,000
Interest	1,785,991	-	-	1,785,991
Total expenditures	80,660,438	23,660	1,805,635	82,489,733
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over expenditures	8,238,719	5,320	(1,704,502)	6,539,537
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Issuance of long-term financing	2,840,000	-	-	2,840,000
Payment to refund bonds	(2,796,587)	-	-	(2,796,587)
Interfund transfers	(1,508,192)	-	1,500,000	(8,192)
Total other financing sources and uses	(1,464,779)	-	1,500,000	35,221
Net change in fund balances	6,773,940	5,320	(204,502)	6,574,758
Fund balances - beginning	16,301,341	4,854,515	12,126,928	33,282,784
Fund balances - ending	\$ 23,075,281	\$ 4,859,835	\$ 11,922,426	\$ 39,857,542

CARLISLE AREA SCHOOL DISTRICT

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of the Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities Year Ended June 30, 2020

Net change in fund	balances	es - total governmental funds	i
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6,574,758

Amounts reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:

Governmental funds report capital outlays for capital assets as expenditures because such outlays use current financial resources. In contrast, the Statement of Activities reports only a portion of the outlay as expense. The outlay is allocated over the assets' estimated useful lives as depreciation expense for the period. This is the amount by which capital outlays differed from depreciation expense in the current period.

Gain/loss on disposition of assets (254,030)Depreciation expense (5,126,345)Capital outlays 1,552,173 (3,828,202)

Revenue and expenses of the internal service fund are reported as proprietary activities in the fund financials, but this primarily supports the governmental activities, and thus the change in net position applicable to the governmental activities.

134,960

Governmental funds do not present certain revenues unless they are "available" to pay current obligations. In contrast, such revenues are reported in the Statement of Activities when earned. Because certain revenues will not be collected for several months after the School District's fiscal year end, they are not considered as "available" revenues in the governmental funds. Unavailable revenues changed by this amount this year.

58,049

The issuance of general obligation bonds and notes provides current financial resources to governmental funds, but has no effect on net position. Likewise, the payment to refund bonds and notes uses current financial resources, but also has no effect on net position. Governmental funds report repayment of bond and note principal as an expenditure. In contrast, the Statement of Activities treats such repayments as a reduction in long-term liabilities. Also, governmental funds report the effects of premiums, discounts, and similar items when the debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the Statement of Activities:

Repayment of general obligations bonds and notes - principal	8,095,000
Issuance of general obligation bonds	(2,840,000)
Amortization of bond premium, discounts, prepaid bond insurance, and deferred charge on bond refundings	272,664

Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and these are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. This is the difference between the amount incurred and the amount paid of:

Accrued interest	53,352
OPEB liability	(17,959)
Net pension liability	664,985
Compensated absences/retirement stipend	(210,447)

Change in net position of governmental activities

8,957,160

CARLISLE AREA SCHOOL DISTRICT Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual -**General Fund** Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Budget			Actual (Budgetary/			Variance with		
		Original		Final	(GAAP Basis)	F	inal Budget	
REVENUES									
Local sources									
Taxes	\$	55,779,147	\$	55,779,147	\$	58,168,576	\$	2,389,429	
Investment earnings		100,000		100,000		239,398		139,398	
Revenue from intermediate sources		-		-		917,700		917,700	
Other		1,727,000		1,727,000		607,970		(1,119,030)	
State sources		26,792,826		26,792,826		27,242,396		449,570	
Federal sources	_	1,821,000		1,821,000	_	1,723,117		(97,883)	
Total revenues	_	86,219,973		86,219,973		88,899,157	_	2,679,184	
EXPENDITURES									
Instruction									
Regular programs		35,726,932		35,726,932		32,093,608		3,633,324	
Special programs		9,788,881		9,788,881		9,846,276		(57,395)	
Vocational education		1,734,534		1,734,534		1,763,750		(29,216)	
Other instructional		2,948,879		2,948,879		3,553,521		(604,642)	
Nonpublic school programs		-		-		20,578		(20,578)	
Adult and higher education programs		204,566		204,566		227,955		(23,389)	
Support services									
Pupil personnel services		3,927,718		3,927,718		3,970,018		(42,300)	
Instructional staff services		2,370,159		2,370,159		2,072,230		297,929	
Administrative services		5,855,203		5,855,203		5,071,909		783,294	
Pupil health		1,153,945		1,153,945		1,124,247		29,698	
Business		898,306		898,306		664,544		233,762	
Operation and maintenance of plant services		6,687,887		6,687,887		5,561,516		1,126,371	
Student transportation services		3,945,894		3,945,894		3,649,358		296,536	
Central support services		2,708,514		2,708,514		2,288,323		420,191	
Other support services		50,835		50,835		52,149		(1,314)	
Operation of noninstructional services									
Student activities		1,436,854		1,436,854		1,353,964		82,890	
Community services		-		-		170,035		(170,035)	
Other noninstructional services		1,343		1,343		466		877	
Debt service									
Principal		5,365,000		5,365,000		5,390,000		(25,000)	
Interest		1,783,788		1,783,788		1,785,991		(2,203)	
Total expenditures	_	86,589,238		86,589,238	_	80,660,438	_	5,928,800	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)									
Issuance of long-term financing		-		-		2,840,000		2,840,000	
Payment to refund bonds		-		-		(2,796,587)		(2,796,587)	
Interfund transfers	_	(8,011)	_	(8,011)	_	(1,508,192)	_	(1,500,181)	
Total other financing sources and (uses)	_	(8,011)	_	(8,011)	_	(1,464,779)	_	(1,456,768)	
Net change in fund balance	\$	(377,276)	\$	(377,276)	\$	6,773,940	\$	7,151,216	

CARLISLE AREA SCHOOL DISTRICT **Statement of Net Position - Proprietary Funds** June 30, 2020

	Enterprise					Internal Service		
	Food Service Fund		Oth	er Enterprise Fund	Total	Medical Insurance Fund		
ASSETS		runu		runu		Total	1115	urance runu
Current Assets								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	497,721	\$	872,087	\$	1,369,808	\$	-
Due from other funds	·	12,247	·	13,272		25,519		-
Other receivables		51,070				51,070		76,841
Prepaid expenses		-		-		- ,-		4,955,055
Inventory		60,215		-		60,215		-
Total current assets	-	621,253		885,359		1,506,612	-	5,031,896
Noncurrent Assets	-	021,233		003,337		1,500,012		3,031,070
Land				152,000		152,000		
		-		153,900		153,900		-
Site improvements		-		45,840		45,840		-
Buildings		2 (01 0(2		856,267		856,267		-
Furniture and equipment		2,601,862		- ((01 025)		2,601,862		-
Accumulated depreciation		(2,493,045)		(691,025)		(3,184,070)		
Total noncurrent assets		108,817	_	364,982		473,799		-
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Deferred outflows related to pension liability		34,268		-		34,268		-
Deferred outflows related to OPEB liability		2,752		-		2,752		-
Total deferred outflows of resources		37,020		-		37,020		-
Total assets and deferred outflows								
of resources	¢	7/7 000	ф	1 250 241	ф	2.017.421	ф	E 021 006
of resources	\$	767,090	\$	1,250,341	\$	2,017,431	\$	5,031,896
LIABILITIES								
Current Liabilities								
Accounts payable	\$	69,239	\$	-	\$	69,239	\$	-
Due to other funds		3,427		-		3,427		-
Compensated absences		386		<u> </u>		386		<u> </u>
Total current liabilities		73,052				73,052		
Noncurrent Liabilities								
Compensated absences		3,470		-		3,470		-
OPEB liability		9,115		-		9,115		-
Net pension liability		127,442		-		127,442		-
Total noncurrent liabilities	-	140,027		_		140,027	-	_
Total liabilities	-	213,079				213,079	-	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		213,073	_			213,077		
Deferred inflows related to pension liability		33,985		-		33,985		-
Deferred inflows related to OPEB liability		2,341		-		2,341		-
Total deferred inflows of resources		36,326		-		36,326		-
NET DOCITION								
NET POSITION		100.017		264.002		472 700		
Net investment in capital assets		108,817		364,982		473,799		- - 021 007
Restricted		400.060		-		1 204 227		5,031,896
Unrestricted		408,868		885,359		1,294,227		- -
Total net position		517,685	_	1,250,341		1,768,026		5,031,896
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of								
resources, and net position	\$	767,090	\$	1,250,341	\$	2,017,431	\$	5,031,896

CARLISLE AREA SCHOOL DISTRICT Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position- Proprietary Funds Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Enterprise					Internal Service				
	Fo	od Service Fund	Other Enterprise Fund			Total		Medical		
OPERATING REVENUE		runu		runu		Total	1115	urance Fund		
Sales and charges for services/insurance										
premiums	\$	731,357	\$	248,812	\$	980,169	\$	8,459,138		
Total operating revenues	-	731,357	_	248,812	_	980,169	_	8,459,138		
OPERATING EXPENSES										
Purchased services		1,934,315		1,600		1,935,915		-		
Food and milk purchases		200,459		-		200,459		-		
Salaries		40,575		-		40,575		-		
Employee benefits		13,525		-		13,525		6,471,412		
Other employee benefits		-		-		-		1,519,458		
Administrative fees and overhead costs		-		-		-		406,887		
Supplies		9,257		230		9,487		-		
Depreciation		39,722		37,315		77,037		-		
Repairs and maintenance		39,084		6,602		45,686		-		
Other operating expenses		27,331		2,592		29,923		_		
Real estate taxes		<u> </u>		34,083		34,083		-		
Total operating expenses		2,304,268		82,422		2,386,690		8,397,757		
Operating income (loss)		(1,572,911)		166,390		(1,406,521)		61,381		
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)										
Federal subsidies		1,533,268		-		1,533,268		-		
State subsidies		79,435		-		79,435		-		
Interest income		-		-		-		73,579		
Gain on sale of assets		348				348		-		
Total nonoperating revenue (expenses)		1,613,051				1,613,051		73,579		
Income (loss) before transfers		40,140		166,390	_	206,530		134,960		
TRANSFERS										
Interfund transfers		8,192				8,192		-		
Change in net position		48,332		166,390		214,722		134,960		
Total net position - beginning		469,353		1,083,951		1,553,304		4,896,936		
Total net position - ending	\$	517,685	\$	1,250,341	\$	1,768,026	\$	5,031,896		

CARLISLE AREA SCHOOL DISTRICT **Statement of Cash Flows - Proprietary Funds** Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Enterprise				Internal Service			
	F	ood Service	Othe	r Enterprise				Medical
Code Company of the Code Code Code Code Code Code Code Cod		Fund		Fund		Total	Ins	urance Fund
Cash flows from operating activities Cash received from sales/rentals/insurance								
premiums	\$	687,380	\$	248,812	¢	936,192	\$	8,459,138
Cash payments for goods and services	Ψ	(2,066,982)	Ψ	(44,657)	Ψ	(2,111,639)	Ψ	0,137,130
Cash payments to and on behalf of employees		(68,168)		(11,037)		(68,168)		(8,532,717)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	_	(1,447,770)		204,155		(1,243,615)	_	(73,579)
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities								
Purchase of equipment		_		(5,810)		(5,810)		_
Proceeds from sale of assets		3,190		(0,010)		3,190		_
Net cash provided (used) by capital and related financing activities		3,190		(5,810)		(5,810)		-
								_
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities		0.100		(42.252)		(5,000)		
Transfers (to)/from other funds		8,192		(13,272)		(5,080)		-
Federal subsidies		1,358,301		-		1,358,301		-
State subsidies Net cash provided (used) by noncapital	_	79,435	_		_	79,435		
financing activities		1,445,928		(13,272)		1,432,656		
maneing activities	_	1,443,720		(13,272)	_	1,432,030		
Cash flows from investing activities								72.570
Earnings on investments	_				_			73,579
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents		1,348		185,073		183,231		-
Cash and cash equivalents - beginning		496,373		687,014		1,183,387		
Cash and cash equivalents - ending	\$	497,721	\$	872,087	\$	1,369,808	\$	
Reconciliation of income (loss) from operations to net cash provided (used) by operating activities								
. , , , , ,								
Cash flows from operating activities		(1 === 0 0 1 1)	_	466000		(4.406, #0.43		
Operating income (loss)	\$	(1,572,911)	\$	166,390	\$	(1,406,521)	\$	61,381
Adjustments to reconcile operating								
income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:								
Donated food used		174,967		_		174,967		_
Depreciation		39,722		37,315		77,037		_
(Increase) decrease in:		,		0.,000		,		
Inventory		(30,587)		-		(30,587)		-
Accounts receivable		(47,301)		-		(47,301)		(76,841)
Due from other funds		3,324		-		3,324		-
Prepaid expenses		-		-		-		374,601
Increase (decrease) in:								
OPEB liability and related deferred outflows and inflows		305		-		305		-
Net pension liability and related deferred outflows and inflows		(5,765)		-		(5,765)		-
Compensated absences		2,470		-		2,470		-
Due to other funds		(11,078)		450		(10,628)		- (400 500)
Accounts payable		(916)	-	-	_	(916)	-	(432,720)
Total adjustments		125,141		37,765		162,906		(134,960)

	Agency Fu	nd	Private Purpose Trust Fund		
ASSETS					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 106	424	\$	90	
Investments		-		15,000	
Due from general fund		386		-	
Accounts receivable				45	
Total assets	\$ 106	810	\$	15,135	
LIABILITIES					
Due to student groups	\$ 106	810	\$	-	
Due to general fund				45	
Total liabilities	106	810		45	
NET POSITION					
Held in trust		-		15,090	
Total net position	\$	-	\$	15,090	

CARLISLE AREA SCHOOL DISTRICT **Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position** Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Private Purpose Trust Fund
ADDITIONS	
Interest income	\$ 45
Total additions	45
DEDUCTIONS	
Scholarships and awards/grants	45
Total deductions	45
Change in net position	-
Net position - beginning	15,090
Net position - ending	\$ 15,090

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Nature of Operations and Reporting Entity

Carlisle Area School District (School District) operates a public school system which is comprised of Carlisle Borough, Mt. Holly Springs Borough, North Dickinson Township, and North Middleton Township in Cumberland County, Pennsylvania.

The financial statements of the School District have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

Reporting Entity

Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statements define the criteria used to determine the composition of the reporting entity. These standards require that the reporting entity include (1) the primary government; (2) organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable; (3) organizations that are fiscally dependent on the primary government and a financial benefit or burden exists, and (4) other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The School District is not a component unit of any other entities. Based on the above criteria, the School District has no component units.

The School District is affiliated with Harrisburg Area Community College (HACC), along with numerous other member school districts in a joint venture arrangement. The member school districts participate in providing oversight responsibility to this entity through the following:

- Appointing of Board members who are also Board members of the participating schools
- Approval and funding of operating budget
- Long-term agreement to provide funding for capital expenditures

The School District has an ongoing financial responsibility to fund its proportionate share of the College's capital outlay in addition to a predetermined amount per credit for each student. Separate financial statements are prepared for and available from HACC.

See additional information regarding payments to the above affiliated organization at Note 12.

The School District is also affiliated with the South Central Region School Employees Benefit Welfare Trust (the Trust), a public entity risk pool which provides employees medical insurance. The member school districts appoint the Trustees of the Trust and the School District is one of ten participating members in the Trust at June 30, 2020. The Trust is not deemed a component unit of the School District under governmental accounting principles. See Note 14 for further information.

Fund Accounting

The School District uses funds to maintain its financial records during the fiscal year. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid management by segregating transactions related to certain School District functions or activities. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. The various funds of the School District are grouped into the categories of governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary.

1. Governmental Funds

Governmental Funds are those through which most governmental functions of the School District are financed. The measurement focus is on the flow of expendable resources, rather than on net earnings determination.

The School District reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund - The general fund is used to account for all the financial transactions not accounted for in another fund. Revenues are primarily derived from local property, earned income, and state and federal subsidies. Many of the more important activities of the School District, including instruction, administration of the School District, and certain noninstructional services are accounted for in this fund. This is a legally budgeted fund, and any unrestricted fund balances are considered as resources available for use.

Capital Reserve Fund – The capital reserve fund (Section 2932 is authorized by Pennsylvania Law 145, Act of April 30, 1943, known as Section 2932 School Laws of Pennsylvania) accounts for (1) monies transferred during any fiscal year from appropriations made for any particular purpose which may not be needed, and (2) surplus monies in the General Fund of the School District at the end of any fiscal year. These funds must be used for capital improvements.

Capital Projects Fund - This fund is used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities.

2. Proprietary Funds

Proprietary funds are used to account for the School District's ongoing activities which are similar to those often found in the private sector. The focus of proprietary funds is on the determination of net earnings and capital maintenance. The following funds are utilized:

Food Service Fund - Enterprise Fund - Major Fund

This fund accounts for all revenues and expenses pertaining to the cafeteria operations as authorized under Section 504 of the Public School Code of 1949. It is the intent of the governing body that the cost of providing such goods or services to the students on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges or cost reimbursement plans.

Fund Accounting (Continued)

The School District does not attempt to allocate "building-wide costs" to the food service fund. Thus, general fund expenditures which partially benefit the food service fund (utilities, janitorial services, insurance, etc.) are not proportionately recognized within the food service fund; similarly, the food service fund does not recognize a cost for the building space it occupies (no rental-of-facilities expense).

Property Rental Fund - Enterprise Fund - Non-Major Fund

This fund was established to account for all revenues and expenses pertaining to the rental of facilities owned and operated by the School District. It is the intent of the governing body to charge for the rental of the facilities to cover the expenses associated with their upkeep.

Medical Insurance Fund - Internal Service Fund

This fund was established to create a reserve for future medical claims. The fund accounts for the transactions of the School District associated with self-insuring the School District's medical costs through participation in the South Central Region School Employees Benefit Welfare Trust.

3. Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net position and changes in net position. The fiduciary fund category is split into two classifications: private purpose trust funds and agency funds. The School District's only private-purpose trust fund consists of bequests that have been established in prior years. Only the earnings are available for the specific purpose of providing awards and scholarships as prescribed by donor stipulation. Officials of the School District determine the winners of the awards and scholarships, which are made only if there are qualified recipients and adequate earnings. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. The Student Activity fund is classified as an agency fund.

Basis of Presentation

Government-wide Financial Statements – The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the School District has a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds. The statements distinguish between those activities of the School District that are governmental and those that are considered business-type activities.

The government-wide statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. This is the same approach used in the preparation of the proprietary fund financial statements but differs from the manner in which governmental fund financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

Basis of Presentation (Continued)

The government-wide statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each segment of the business-type activities of the School District, and for each function or program of the School District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program, or department and therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues which are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the School District, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each business segment or governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the School District.

Fund Financial Statements – Fund financial statements report detailed information about the School District. The focus of governmental and enterprise fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Nonmajor funds (if applicable) are aggregated and presented in a single column. Fiduciary funds are reported by fund type.

The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. All governmental fund types are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. The financial statements for governmental funds are a balance sheet, which generally includes only current assets and current liabilities, and a statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances, which reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources.

All proprietary fund types are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, all assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of these funds are included on the statement of net position. The statement of changes in fund net position presents increases (i.e., revenues) and decreases (i.e., expenses) in net total position. The statement of cash flows provides information about how the School District finances and meets the cash flow needs of its proprietary activities.

Fiduciary funds are reported using the economic resources measurement focus.

Basis of Accounting

The government-wide, proprietary, and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met. Net position (total assets plus deferred outflows of resources less total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources) is used as a practical measure of economic resources and the operating statement includes all transactions and events that increased or decreased net position. Depreciation is charged as expense against current operations and accumulated depreciation is reported on the statement of net position.

Basis of Accounting (Continued)

The governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers tax revenue to be available if collected within 60 days of the end of the fiscal period. Revenue from federal, state, and other grants designated for payment of specific School District expenditures is recognized when the related expenditures are incurred and the revenue is available, which is generally 60 days; accordingly, when such funds are received, they are recorded as liabilities until earned. If time eligibility requirements are not met, a deferred inflow of resources would be recorded. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing food services, including charges for meals and the costs of food, salaries and benefits, depreciation, and other expenses. Federal and State subsidies are considered non-operating revenues as no exchange transaction occurs.

Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

An operating budget is adopted each year for the General Fund on a modified accrual basis of accounting.

The Pennsylvania School Code dictates specific procedures relative to adoption of the School District's budget and reporting of its financial statements, specifically:

- 1. The School District, before levying annual school taxes, is required to prepare an operating budget for the succeeding fiscal year.
- 2. The Board of School Directors may make transfers of funds appropriated to any particular item of expenditure by legislative action. An affirmative vote of two-thirds of all members of the Board is required.
- 3. Fund balances in budgetary funds may be appropriated based on resolutions passed by the Board of Education, which authorize the School District to make expenditures.
- 4. Appropriations lapse at the end of the fiscal period.
- 5. Included in the General Fund budget are program budgets as prescribed by the state and federal agencies funding the programs. These budgets are approved on a program-by-program basis by the state or federal funding agency. These programs frequently result in supplementary budget appropriations.

Capital budgets are not implemented for capital improvements in the Capital Reserve Fund or Capital Projects Fund. All transactions of the Capital Reserve Fund and Capital Projects Fund are approved by the Board prior to commitment, thereby constructively achieving budgetary control.

Cash, Cash Equivalents, and Investments

Cash and cash equivalents include all demand deposits, petty cash, savings, money market accounts, and certificates of deposit with original maturities of three months or less. Investments include certificates of deposit with original maturities greater than three months. Investments are stated at market value. Accrued interest is included with other receivables on the balance sheet and statement of net position.

Inventory

Inventory in the Food Service Fund consists of expendable supplies and food (valued at cost) held for consumption. Government-donated commodities are valued at estimated fair market value. The expendable supplies are recorded as an expenditure when used. The cost of governmental fund inventories are recorded as expenditures when purchased in the fund financial statements and the asset (valued at cost) at June 30 is offset by nonspendable fund balance.

Capital Assets

General capital assets are those assets not specifically related to activities reported in the proprietary funds. These assets generally result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net position but are not reported in the fund financial statements. Capital assets utilized by the proprietary fund are reported both in the business-type activities column of the government-wide statement of net position and in the respective fund financial statements.

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated capital assets are recorded at their acquisition value as of the date received. The School District maintains a capitalization threshold of \$5,000. The School District does not possess any infrastructure. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are expensed. Interest incurred during the construction of capital assets is not capitalized unless it is incurred in a proprietary fund.

All reported capital assets are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities
Site improvements	8 - 25 years	N/A
Buildings and improvements	5 - 50 years	N/A
Equipment, furniture and fixtures	5 - 20 years	5 – 20 years

Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense) until then. The School District has several items that qualify for reporting in this category, including the deferred charge on bond refunding and various amounts related to pension and OPEB liabilities. These amounts will be amortized in future periods.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position and balance sheet will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position or fund balance that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The School's deferred inflows of resources at June 30, 2020 consist of various amounts related to pension and OPEB liabilities on the statement of net position and unavailable tax revenue on the governmental fund balance sheet.

Interfund Activity/Internal Balances

Advances between funds are accounted for in the appropriate interfund receivable and payable accounts. Advances between funds which are not expected to be repaid are accounted for as transfers. Interfund balances and transactions are eliminated in the government-wide financial statements.

Exchange transactions, if any, between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds and after nonoperating revenues/expenses in proprietary funds.

Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental or business-type activity columns in the statement of net position. This same treatment also applies to proprietary fund financial statements. Bond premiums and discounts, deferred charge on bond refunding, as well as prepaid bond insurance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. The deferred charge on bond refunding is reported as deferred outflows of resources and amortized over the term of the related debt. Prepaid bond insurance costs are reported as an asset and amortized over the term of the related debt. Other bond issuance costs are expensed at the time the debt is issued.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources and original issue discounts or premiums are reported as other financing sources or uses. Issuance costs and underwriter's discount, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as support service expenditures.

Retirement Plans

The School District contributes to the Public School Employees Retirement System (PSERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. The School District accounts for the plan under the provisions of GASB Standards, which establish standards for the measurement, recognition, and display of pension expense and related liabilities, assets, and note disclosures.

For purposes of measuring net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources, and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Public School Employees' Retirement System (PSERS) and additions to/deductions from PSERS's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by PSERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refund of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Compensated Absences

Liability for compensated absences is accounted for in accordance with the provisions of the GASB, which requires entities to accrue for employees' rights to receive compensation for sick leave, as such benefits are earned, and payment becomes probable.

School District policy is to pay to qualifying retirees a portion of unused sick days, subject to certain limitations. Amounts determined will be deposited into a 403(b) plan on behalf of the retired employee; no cash option is available.

The estimate of the liabilities for compensated absences has been calculated using the termination payment method in accordance with the provisions of the GASB. Under that method, the School District has identified the amount earned to date by each employee, determined the cost of that benefit by reference to the benefit provisions and the current rates paid by the School District, and estimated the probability of the payment of that benefit to employees upon retirement.

Liabilities for vested, unused sick pay are recorded in the proprietary funds and the government-wide financial statements and are expensed as incurred.

Payments for sick pay are expensed as paid in the governmental fund financial statements.

Retirement Stipend

In addition to the above, employees in the bargaining agreement who retire from the School District with at least fifteen (15) years of service will receive a \$ 5,500 payment upon retirement. This is reported with the compensated absences liability for individuals that are eligible based on years of service.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Other Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions

GASB establishes standards for the measurement, recognition, and display of other postemployment benefit expenditures and related liabilities, note disclosures, and if applicable, required supplementary information (RSI) in the financial reports of state and local governmental employers. The School District's other postemployment benefits are accounted for in accordance with these standards.

The School District provides postemployment benefits by permitting retired employees the ability to participate in the employee health plan through a single employer defined benefit other post-employment health plan (OPEB) at the same premium rate, albeit 100% paid for by the retirees. Consequently, the School District is providing an implicit rate subsidy to its retirees. These benefits are financed on a pay-as-you-go basis.

PSERS

For the purpose of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expenses, information about the fiduciary net position of the PSERS and additions to/deductions from PSERS's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by PSERS. For this purpose, benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Net Position - Government-Wide/Proprietary Funds

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund financial statements, net position is classified in the following categories:

Net Investment in Capital Assets: This component of net position consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those capital assets. If there are significant unspent related debt proceeds at year-end, the portion of debt attributable to the unspent proceeds is not included in the calculation of net investment in capital assets. Rather, that portion of debt is included in the same net position component as the unspent proceeds. Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources attributable to acquisition, construction, or improvement of assets of related debt also should be included in this component of net position.

Restricted Net Position: This component of net position consists of restricted assets and deferred outflows of resources reduced by liabilities and deferred inflows of resources related to those assets. These restrictions could include constraints imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or constraints imposed by law through constitutional provision or enabling legislation. Restricted net position as of June 30, 2020 is for future capital and medical expenses.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Net Position - Government-Wide/Proprietary Funds (Continued)

Unrestricted Net Position: This component of net position is the amount of assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources that are not included in the determination of net investment in capital assets or the restricted component of net position.

Net Position Flow Assumption

Sometimes the government will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g. restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted net position and unrestricted net position, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the School District's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Fund Balance - Governmental Fund Financial Statements

Governmental funds classify fund balance based on the relative strength of the spending constraints placed on the purpose for which resources can be used. The classifications are as follows:

Nonspendable: This classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (1) not in spendable form or (2) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. This classification includes items such as prepaid amounts, inventories, and long-term amount of loans and notes receivable. This also includes the corpus (or principal) of permanent funds.

Restricted: This classification includes amounts where the constraints placed on the use of resources are either (1) externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (2) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. Enabling legislation authorizes the government to assess, levy, charge or mandate payment and includes a legally enforceable requirement on the use of these funds.

Committed: This classification includes amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the School District's highest level of decision–making authority. This formal action is in the form of a resolution which is made by the School Board. Once an amount is committed, it cannot be used for any other purpose unless changed by the same type of formal action used to initially constrain the funds.

Assigned: This classification includes spendable amounts that are reported in governmental funds *other than the General Fund*, that are neither restricted nor committed, and amounts in the General Fund that are intended to be used for a specific purpose. The intent of an assigned fund balance should be expressed by either the School District's Board, or a subordinate high-level body, such as the finance committee, superintendent, or business manager that is authorized to assign amounts to be used for specific purposes. As detailed in its Fund Balance Policy, the Director of Finance has the authority to make assignments of fund balance. The assignment of fund balance cannot result in a negative unassigned fund balance.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Fund Balance - Governmental Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

Unassigned: This classification represents the portion of spendable fund balance that has not been categorized as restricted, committed or assigned. The General Fund is the only fund which would include a positive unassigned fund balance as all other fund types must categorize amounts within the other classifications. A negative unassigned fund balance may occur in any fund when there is an over expenditure of restricted or committed fund balance. In this case, any assigned fund balance (and unassigned fund balance in the general fund) would be eliminated prior to reporting a negative unassigned fund balance.

Policy Regarding Order of Spending

When fund balance resources are available for a specific purpose in multiple classifications, the School District does not have a spending order policy; therefore, the default spending order is to use restricted resources first and then apply unrestricted resources in the following order: committed, assigned and unassigned.

Minimum Fund Balance

The School District strives to maintain an unassigned fund balance of the general fund of not less than three percent (3%) and not more than eight percent (8%) of the budgeted expenditures for that fiscal year.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, and the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities, if any, at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Risks and Uncertainties

Recent economic and government reactions to the COVID-19 pandemic have resulted in temporary reductions or shutdowns of operations for some businesses and created many economic uncertainties. The financial impact and duration cannot be reasonably estimated at this time.

NOTE 2 CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Section 440.1 of the Pennsylvania School Code and Act 10 of 2016 define allowable investments for school districts, which are summarized as follows:

- U.S. Treasury Bills.
- ➤ Short-term obligations of the U.S. Government and Federal agencies.
- ➤ Deposits in savings accounts or time deposits or share accounts of institutions insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or the National Credit Union Share Insurance Fund to the extent that such accounts are so insured, and, for any amounts above the insured maximum, provided that approved collateral as provided by law therefore shall be pledged by the depository.

NOTE 2 CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

- ➤ Obligations of the United States of America or any of its agencies or instrumentalities backed by the full faith and credit of the respective governmental entity.
- > Shares of an investment company restricted under the Investment Company Act of 1940.
- Obligations, participations or other instruments of any federal agency, instrumentality or United States government-sponsored enterprise if the debt obligations are rated at least "A" or its equivalent.
- Commercial paper issued by corporations or other business entities organized in accordance with federal or state law, with a maturity not to exceed 270 days.
- ➤ Bills of exchange or time drafts drawn on and accepted by a commercial bank, otherwise known as bankers' acceptances, if the bankers' acceptances do not exceed 180 days maturity.
- ➤ Negotiable certificates of deposit or other evidences of deposit, with a remaining maturity of three years or less.

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the government's deposits may not be returned to it. The School District does not have a policy for custodial credit risk. As of June 30, 2020, the School District has a bank balance of \$ 30,906,764. Of this balance, \$ 15,736,123 is covered by FDIC insurance and the remaining balance of \$ 15,170,641 was exposed to custodial credit risk because the collateral securities held by the bank's agents are not in the School District's name.

Included in the totals above are non-negotiable certificates of deposits (CD's) in the amount of \$14,989,113. These CD's had an original maturity greater than 90 days and are classified as investments in the financial statements.

Pennsylvania Act 72 of 1971, as amended, is an act standardizing the procedures for pledges of assets to secure deposits of public funds with banking institutions pursuant to other laws; establishing a standard rule for the types, amounts and valuations of assets eligible to be used as collateral for deposits of public funds; permitting assets to be pledged against deposits on a pooled basis and authorizing the appointment of custodians to act as the pledger of the assets. Based on the standards outlined in Act 72, the various banks utilized by the School District have, pledged collateral on a pooled basis on behalf of the School District and all other governmental depositors in the respective financial institutions.

Investments

As of June 30, 2020, the School District had the following investments:

	Investment Maturities (in Years)								
	Fair Value		Less than One Year	0	ne to Five Years		ore than ve Years	S&P Global Ratings	
External investment pool	\$ 17,137	\$	17,137	\$	-	\$	-	AAAm	

The investments in the external investment pool are considered cash equivalents for financial reporting purposes.

NOTE 2 CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Interest Rate Risk - Investments

The School District does not have a formal written investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates. The School District's investments that are subject to interest rate risk are included in the table previously listed.

Investments in Pennsylvania Local Government Investment Trust (PLGIT) are not subject to interest rate risk as the funds are accessible on a daily basis and the interest rates change daily based on market conditions.

Credit Risk - Investments

Included in cash and cash equivalents in the financial statements are pooled investments in the PLGIT – Class and PLGIT – Prime. These funds operate similarly to mutual funds that consist of short-term money market instruments and seek to maintain a constant net asset value of \$ 1 per share. PLGIT deposits were invested by PLGIT directly in portfolios of securities which are held by a third-party custodian. The School District's investments that have a credit quality rating are included in the table above.

Policies Followed at PLGIT

Regulatory Oversight

The operation of PLGIT is governed by an eleven member Board of Trustees. The Trustees must be employees or elected officials of a local government or school district and are elected at the annual meeting of investors. The Trustees have exclusive and absolute control over the affairs of the Trust and its' assets, subject to rights of the Investors, as provided in the Declaration of Trust.

PLGIT is not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC); however, PLGIT follows investment procedures similar to those followed by SEC registered money market funds.

Valuation of Investments

Portfolios are valued using the net asset value per share. The net asset value per share is computed by dividing the total value of the securities and other assets of the portfolio less liabilities, by the outstanding shares of the portfolio.

The School District has no limitations or restrictions on withdrawals on accounts held at PLGIT.

NOTE 3 TAXES

Real estate taxes are considered fully collectible since liens can be filed on properties. Property taxes are levied as of July 1 on assessed property values. The tax bills are mailed by the Tax Collectors on July 1 and are payable as follows.

Discount July 1 – August 31

Face September 1 – October 31 Penalty November 1 – December 31

After January 15, the bills are considered delinquent and turned over to the Cumberland County Tax Claim Bureau for collection.

NOTE 4 TAXES RECEIVABLE AND DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES/TAX ABATEMENTS

Taxes receivable and related deferred inflows of resources in the fund financial statements consist of the following as of June 30, 2020:

Earned income Real estate Real estate transfer tax Other taxes Taxes receivable, net	\$ 2,422,380 880,341 53,616 12,828 3,369,165
Taxes collected within sixty days, recorded as revenues in governmental funds	 (2,011,924)
Taxes estimated to be collected after sixty days and thus "unavailable", recorded as deferred inflows of resources in governmental funds.	\$ 1,357,241

Tax Abatements

Local Economic Revitalization Tax Assistance Act

The Carlisle Are School District enters into property tax abatement agreements with local businesses under the Local Economic Revitalization Tax Assistance Act of December 1, 1977. The Act authorizes specified local governments to provide tax exemption for new construction and improvements to industrial, commercial and other business properties located within certain designated areas. Under the Act, local governments may grant property tax abatements of up to 100 percent of a business' property tax bill, based on assessed value, for the purpose of attracting or retaining businesses within their jurisdictions.

Year of Abatement	Exempted Real Estate Assessment	Percentage of Exemption	Millage	ipted Real te Taxes
2002	\$ 1,120,700	60%	0.0149057	\$ 16,705
Totals	\$ 1,120,700			\$ 16,705

NOTE 5 INTERFUND RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES AND TRANSFERS

Net interfund receivables/payables consist of the following at June 30, 2020:

	Int	terfund	Interfund		
Funds	Rec	ceivable	Payable		
General	\$	4,641	\$ 25,905		
Food Service		12,247	3,427		
Capital Reserve		-	1,169		
Agency (Fiduciary - Agency Fund)		386	-		
Property Rentals (Other Enterprise)		13,272	-		
Scholarship (Fiduciary - Private-Purpose Trust Fund)		-	 45		
	\$	30,546	\$ 30,546		

The Capital Reserve Fund, Scholarship Fund and Food Service Fund owe the General Fund for capital and operational expenditures that were paid on behalf of these funds. The Food Service Fund owes the General Fund for student account balances at June 30, 2020. The General Fund owes the Property Rentals Fund and the Agency Fund for expenditures that were paid on behalf of this fund and refunds due back to Student Activities, respectively.

Net interfund transfers consist of the following for the year ended June 30, 2020:

Funds	Tı	ransfers In	Tr	ansfers Out	
General	\$	-	\$	1,508,192	
Capital Reserve		1,500,000		-	
Food Service		8,192			
	\$	1,508,192	\$	1,508,192	

Transfers are substantially for purposes of subsidizing operating functions and funding capital projects and asset acquisitions. For the year ended June 30, 2020, amounts were transferred from the General Fund to the Capital Reserve Fund to fund various future improvements and acquisitions. There was also a transfer to the Food Service Fund as a result of employee benefits funded by the General Fund.

NOTE 6 INTERGOVERNMENTAL RECEIVABLES

Intergovernmental receivables at June 30, 2020 consist of the following:

		Gov	ernmental
			Funds
State:	Social Security	\$	471,875
	Retirement		1,821,580
	Grants/subsidies		16,280
Federal:	Grants/subsidies		1,090,142
		\$	3,399,877

NOTE 7 CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the School District consists of the following as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020:

		Beginning						Ending
		Balance		Additions	F	Retirements		Balance
Governmental Activities								
Cost								
Assets not being depreciated								
Land	\$	1,951,733	\$	-	\$	(151,274)	\$	1,800,459
Construction in progress		1,890,722		1,243,170		(2,076,566)		1,057,326
Assets being depreciated								
Site improvements		9,226,352		195,064		-		9,421,416
Buildings and improvements		141,430,109		1,912,811		-		143,342,920
Equipment, furniture, and fixtures		21,272,653		174,939		(11,350)		21,436,242
Total cost	_	175,771,569		3,525,984	_	(2,239,190)		177,058,363
Less accumulated depreciation								
Site improvements		(4,006,401)		(423,065)		-		(4,429,466)
Buildings and improvements		(54,328,731)		(3,419,002)		_		(57,747,733)
Equipment, furniture, and fixtures		(16,099,037)		(1,284,278)		11,350		(17,371,965)
Total accumulated depreciation	_	(74,434,169)	_	(5,126,345)	_	11,350		(79,549,164)
Capital assets, net	\$	101,337,400	\$	(1,600,361)	\$	(2,227,840)	\$	97,509,199
Business-Type Activities								
Cost								
Assets not being depreciated								
Land	\$	153,900	\$	_	\$	-	\$	153,900
Assets being depreciated		,-						,-
Site improvements		40,030		5,810		-		45,840
Buildings and improvements		856,267		-		-		856,267
Equipment, furniture, and fixtures		2,613,620		-		(11,758)		2,601,862
Total cost		3,663,817		5,810		(11,758)		3,657,869
Less accumulated depreciation								
Site improvements		(17,668)		(2,630)		-		(20,298)
Buildings and improvements		(636,042)		(34,685)		_		(670,727)
Equipment, furniture, and fixtures		(2,462,240)		(39,721)		8,916		(2,493,045)
Total accumulated depreciation	_	(3,115,950)	_	(77,036)	_	8,916	_	(3,184,070)
Capital assets, net	\$	547,867	\$	(71,226)	\$	(2,842)	\$	473,799

NOTE 7 CAPITAL ASSETS (CONTINUED)

Depreciation expense was charged as follows in the Statement of Activities:

Governmental Activities	
Instruction	\$ 3,298,567
Instructional student support	507,189
Administrative and financial support services	579,461
Operation and maintenance of plant services	390,998
Pupil transportation	255,670
Student activities	93,616
Community services	 844
	\$ 5,126,345
Business-Type Activities	
Food service	\$ 39,722
Property rental	 37,315
	\$ 77,037
The construction in progress consists of the following at June 30, 2020:	
McGowan Restroom Renovation	\$ 283,679
Various Projects	 773,647
Total	\$ 1,057,326

As of June 30, 2020, the School District had the following construction commitments:

	Total Estimated			Total Costs	Total Costs To Be		
		Costs		Incurred	Incurred		
McGowan Restroom Renovation	\$	611,811	\$	283,679	\$	328,132	
Various Projects		927,134		773,647		153,487	
	\$	1,538,945	\$	1,057,326	\$	481,619	

NOTE 8 ACCRUED SALARIES AND BENEFITS/WITHHOLDINGS

Accrued salaries, benefits, and withholdings consist of the following as of June 30, 2020:

General Fund

Accrued salaries	\$ 3,135,282
Retirement	3,517,292
Social security	 231,407
	\$ 6,883,981

NOTE 9 LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

The changes in long-term liabilities during the year ended June 30, 2020 were as follows:

]	Beginning Balance		Additions	Reductions			Ending Balance		Current Portion	1	Long-term Portion
Governmental Activities												
Bonds												
(A) Series of 2012B Bonds	\$	2,270,000	\$	-	\$	(740,000)	\$	1,530,000	\$	825,000	\$	705,000
(B) Series of 2014 Bonds		3,015,000		-		(1,535,000)		1,480,000		1,480,000		-
(C) Series of 2014B Bonds		650,000		-		(650,000)		-		-		-
(D) Series of 2015A Bonds		6,495,000		-		(1,465,000)		5,030,000		2,185,000		2,845,000
(E) Series of 2015B Bonds		2,705,000		-		(2,705,000)		-		-		-
(F) Series of 2016 Bonds		2,230,000		-		(260,000)		1,970,000		265,000		1,705,000
(G) Series of 2017 Bonds		25,650,000		-		(165,000)		25,485,000		170,000		25,315,000
(I) Series of 2019 Bonds		-		2,840,000		(50,000)		2,790,000		45,000		2,745,000
Direct Borrowing												
(H) Series of 2018 Note Unamortized bond		6,975,000		-		(525,000)		6,450,000		540,000		5,910,000
premium/(discount)		2 000 000				((00 170)		2 100 010		FF7 F00		2 (22 221
1 / ()		3,880,088	_	2.040.000		(689,178)	_	3,190,910	_	557,589		2,633,321
Subtotal - bonds/payable		53,870,088	_	2,840,000	_	(8,784,178)	_	47,925,910	_	6,067,589	_	41,858,321
Compensated absences/ retirement stipend												
Sick leave		704,729		730,275		(681,524)		753,480		103,170		650,310
Vacation		120,484		359,655		(252,959)		227,180		22,718		204,462
Retirement stipend		632,500		121,000		(66,000)		687,500		68,343		619,157
Subtotal - compensated absences/retirement												
stipend		1,457,713	_	1,210,930		(1,000,483)	_	1,668,160	_	194,231		1,473,929
Total long-term liabilities	\$	55,327,801	\$	4,050,930	\$	(9,784,661)	\$	49,594,070	\$	6,261,820	\$	43,332,250
Business-Type Activities Compensated absences:												
Sick leave	\$	1,039	\$	1,555	\$	(345)	\$	2,249	\$	225	\$	2,024
Vacation		347	_	1,884		(624)		1,607		161		1,446
Total long-term liabilities	\$	1,386	\$	3,439	\$	(969)	\$	3,856	\$	386	\$	3,470

Bonds and Notes

(A) On June 1, 2012, the School District issued general obligation bonds Series of 2012B in the amount of \$ 2,805,000. The proceeds were used to refinance the Series of 2007 bonds. The bonds are due in varying amounts on March 1 and September 1, 2012 to 2022. The bonds bear interest at rates ranging from 1.50% to 2.00%.

NOTE 9 LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (CONTINUED)

Bonds and Notes (Continued)

- (B) On July 22, 2014, the School District issued \$ 9,620,000 of General Obligation Bonds, Series 2014. The purpose of the issuance was to refund the School District's 2009B Bonds, to fund a portion of the costs and expenses of the Crestview Elementary Project and pay the costs of the issuance of the bonds. The bonds are due in varying amounts semi-annually on March 1 and September 1 with principal maturing March 1, 2021. The bonds bear interest at rates ranging from 0.25% to 3.00%.
- (C) On December 3, 2014, the School District issued \$8,095,000 of General Obligation Bonds, Series 2014B. The purpose of the issuance was to refund a portion of the School District's General Obligation Bonds, Series of 2005, to fund capital projects of the School District, and pay the costs of the issuance of the bonds. The bonds were due in varying amounts semi-annually on March 1 and September 1 with principal maturing March 1, 2020.
- (D) On January 5, 2015, the School District issued \$ 6,965,000 of General Obligation Bonds, Series 2015A. The purpose of the issuance was to refund the School District's 2005 Bonds, to fund a portion of the costs and expenses of the Crestview Elementary Project, fund various capital projects, and pay the costs of the issuance of the bonds. The bonds are due in varying amounts semi-annually on March 1 and September 1 with principal maturing March 1, 2022. The bonds bear interest at rates ranging from 2.00% to 3.00%.
- (E) On January 5, 2015, the School District issued \$ 2,945,000 of General Obligation Bonds, Series 2015B. The purpose of the issuance was to fund a portion of the costs and expenses of the Crestview Elementary Project, fund various capital projects, and pay the costs of the issuance of the bonds. The bonds were refunded with the issuance of the General Obligation Bonds, Series of 2019.
- (F) On July 7, 2016, the School District issued \$ 3,000,000 of General Obligation Bonds, Series of 2016. The purpose of the issuance was to fund a portion of the costs and expenses of the Hamilton Elementary School Project, fund various capital projects, and pay the costs of the issuance of the bonds. The bonds are due in varying amounts semi-annually on March 1 and September 1 with principal maturing March 1, 2027. The bonds bear interest at rates ranging from 0.75% to 2.10%.
- (G) On February 16, 2017, the School District issued \$ 25,915,000 of General Obligation Bonds, Series of 2017. The purpose of the issuance was used to advance refund the Series of 2011 bonds, fund various capital projects, and pay the costs of the issuance of the bonds. The bonds are due in varying amounts semi-annually on March 1 and September 1, with principal maturing September 1, 2026. The bonds bear interest at rates ranging from 2.00% to 5.00%. The defeased balance of the Series of 2011 General Obligation Bonds at June 30, 2020 was \$ 25,390,000.

NOTE 9 LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (CONTINUED)

Bonds and Notes (Continued)

- (H) On January 4, 2018, the School District issued \$ 6,985,000 of General Obligation Note, Series of 2018. The purpose of this issuance was to refund a portion of Series A of 2012 bonds. The note is due in varying amounts semi-annually on March 1 and September 1, with principal maturing on March 1, 2023. The note bears interest at a fixed rate of 1.90%.
- (I) On December 30, 2019, the School District issued \$ 2,840,000 of General Obligation Bonds, Series of 2019. The purpose of the issuance was to refund all of Series B of 2015 bonds and pay the costs of issuing the bonds. The bonds are due in varying amounts semi-annually on March 1 and September 1, with principal maturing on March 1, 2028. The bonds bear interest at rates ranging from 1.5% to 2%.

The School District general obligation bonds and note contain a provision that in the event of default for nonpayment of principal and interest, the School Code allows for the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania to withhold monies from the School District's subsidies and pay any past due amounts directly, or to the paying agent for payment to the bond and note holders.

The annual debt requirements for future general obligation bonds and notes as of June 30, 2020 are as follows:

	 Bonds											
	Series o	of 20)12B	Series of 2014								
	Principal		Interest		Principal		Interest					
2021	\$ 825,000	\$	22,350	\$	1,480,000	\$	30,340					
2022	705,000		7,050		-		-					
2023	-		-		-		-					
2024	-		-		-		-					
2025	-		-		-		-					
2026 - 2028	 				-		-					
	\$ 1,530,000	\$	29,400	\$	1,480,000	\$	30,340					

				Во	nds	;			
	Series o	f 20	15A	Series	of 2	016	Series	of 2	017
	 Principal		Interest	Principal		Interest	Principal		Interest
2021	\$ 2,185,000	\$	109,135	\$ 265,000	\$	39,700	\$ 170,000	\$	1,240,700
2022	2,845,000		65,435	270,000		34,400	170,000		1,235,600
2023	-		-	275,000		29,000	935,000		1,219,025
2024	-		-	280,000		23,500	5,845,000		1,058,875
2025	-		-	285,000		17,900	6,145,000		761,875
2026 - 2028	 	_		 595,000		18,500	12,220,000		593,500
	\$ 5,030,000	\$	174,570	\$ 1,970,000	\$	163,000	\$ 25,485,000	\$	6,109,575

	 Bo	nds	l	Direct Borrowing							
	Series	of 2	019		Series	of 2	018	Totals			
	Principal		Interest		Principal		Interest		Principal		Interest
2021	\$ 45,000	\$	55,003	\$	540,000	\$	122,550	\$	5,510,000	\$	1,619,778
2022	105,000		54,327		1,525,000		112,290		5,620,000		1,509,102
2023	25,000		52,700		4,385,000		83,315		5,620,000		1,384,040
2024	40,000		52,300		-		-		6,165,000		1,134,675
2025	45,000		51,500		-		-		6,475,000		831,275
2026 - 2028	2,530,000		132,400	_	-	_		_	15,345,000	_	744,400
	\$ 2,790,000	\$	398,230	\$	6,450,000	\$	318,155	\$	44,735,000	\$	7,223,270

NOTE 10 OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

Plan Descriptions and Benefits Provided

School District Plan

The School District has a healthcare plan for retired employees, which is a single employer defined benefit healthcare plan administered by the School District. The plan provides medical, prescription drug, dental and vision coverage for both retiree and family. The member is eligible until the employee reaches Medicare age. For all employees, to continue coverage upon retirement, the retiree must reimburse the School District 100% of the School District's premium for the coverage.

The retirees opting to participate are asked to pay a premium amount that is less than the School District's annual cost to provide health care coverage to retirees. The premium amount retirees pay is a blended rate for covering both active and retired Plan members. The fact that the blended rate that retirees pay is less than the cost of covering retired members and their beneficiaries results in what is known as an "implicit rate subsidy" by the School District, which gives rise to the benefit.

No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria of GASB standards.

PSERS -

In addition to other postemployment benefits detailed above, the Public School Employees' Retirement System (PSERS) also provides a health insurance premium assistance program for all eligible employees, which is a governmental cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit plan. Employer contribution rates for premium assistance are established to provide reserves in the health insurance account that are sufficient for the payment of premium assistance benefits for each succeeding year. Effective January 1, 2022 under the provisions of Act 9 of 2001, participating eligible retirees are entitled to receive premium assistance payments equal to the lesser of \$ 100 per month or their out-of-pocket monthly health insurance premium. To receive premium assistance, eligible retirees must obtain their health insurance through either their school employers or the PSERS' health options program. Healthcare cost trends were applied to retirees receiving less than \$ 1,200 in annual premium assistance. The annual premium assistance reimbursement for qualifying retirees is capped at a maximum of \$ 1,200. As of June 30, 2020, there were no assumed future benefit increases to participating eligible retirees.

Retirees of the System can participate in the premium assistance program if they (1) have $24 \frac{1}{2}$ or more years of service, (2) are a disability retiree, (3) have 15 or more years of service and retired after reaching superannuation age, or (4) participate in the PSERS' health option program.

The members eligible to participate in the System include all full-time public school employees, part-time hourly public school employees who render at least 500 hours of service in the school year, and part-time per diem public school employees who render at least 80 days of service in the school year in any of the reporting entities in Pennsylvania. PSERS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at www.psers.pa.gov.

Plan Membership

School District Plan

Membership in the School District's plan consisted of the following at July 1, 2019, the date of the latest actuarial valuation:

Active participants	455
Vested former participants	0
Retired participants	<u>149</u>
Total	604

Contributions

PSERS

The School District's contractually required contribution rate for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020 was 0.84% of covered payroll, actuarially determined as an amount that, when combined with employee contributions, is expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year with an additional amount to finance the unfunded accrued liability. Contributions to the OPEB plan from the employer were \$ 243,435 for the year ended June 30, 2020.

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

School District Plan

The School District's total OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2019, and the total OPEB liability was determined by rolling forward the total liability from July 1, 2018 to July 1, 2019 based on actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2019, which was based on census information as of February 2020. The plan has no assets that are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria established in GASB Statement No. 75. At June 30, 2020, the School District reported a total OPEB liability of \$ 2,863,953.

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the School District recognized OPEB expense of \$62,182.

PSERS

At June 30, 2020, the School District reported a liability of \$ 4,623,755 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability. The net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2019, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by rolling forward the System's total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2017 to June 30, 2019. The School District's proportionate of the net OPEB liability was calculated utilizing the employer's one-year reported covered payroll as it relates to the total one-year reported covered payroll. At June 30, 2020, the School District's proportionate was 0.2174 percent, which was a decrease of 0.0013 percent from its proportionate measured as of June 30, 2019.

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the School District recognized OPEB expense of \$ 199,151.

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB (Continued)

PSERS (Continued)

The table below summarizes the combined OPEB liability and OPEB expense:

	Tota	al OPEB/ Net		
	OP:	EB Liability	OPE	EB Expense
School District Plan	\$	2,863,953	\$	62,182
PSERS		4,623,755		199,151
Total	\$	7,487,708	\$	261,333

Changes in the Total OPEB Liability

School District Plan

	Total OPEB				
		Liability			
Beginning Balance	\$	2,347,652			
Changes for the year:					
Service cost		192,577			
Interest		74,192			
Difference between expected and actual experience		424,606			
Changes in assumptions		(81,726)			
Benefit payments		(93,348)			
Net changes		516,301			
Ending Balance	\$	2,863,953			

At June 30, 2020, the School District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	School District Plan				PSERS					Total			
	Deferred			Deferred Deferred				Deferred		Deferred	Deferred		
	Outflows of		utflows of Inflows of			Outflows of	Inflows of			Outflows of	Inflows of		
	Resources			Resources		Resources		Resources	Resources		Resources		
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$	386,005	\$	822,151	\$	26,000	\$	-	\$	412,005	\$	822,151	
Changes in assumptions		54,789		74,296		153,000		137,000		207,789		211,296	
Net difference between projected and actual investment earnings	-		-		8,000		-		8,000			-	
Changes in proportions - plan		-		-		-		133,000		-		133,000	
Change in proportion - fund						1,936		1,936		1,936		1,936	
Difference between employer contributions and proportionate													
share of total contributions		-		-		11,107		-		11,107		-	
Benefit payments/contributions subsequent to the measurement date	139,830		_	-		243,928	_		383,758				
	\$	580,624	\$	896,447	\$	443,971	\$	271,936	\$	1,024,595	\$	1,168,383	

Changes in the Total OPEB Liability (Continued)

School District Plan (Continued)

The amount of \$ 383,758 is reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from School District benefit payments/contributions subsequent to the measurement date and will be recognized as a reduction in the total/net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2020 related to the School District and PSERS plans. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized as OPEB expense as follows:

Year ended June 30	Scl	School District Plan		PSERS	Total			
2021	\$	(64,758)	\$	(24,269)	\$	(89,027)		
2022		(64,758)		(24,269)		(89,027)		
2023		(64,758)		(25,269)		(90,027)		
2024		(64,758)		(26,269)		(91,027)		
2025		(64,758)		16,183		(48,575)		
Thereafter		(131,863)		12,000		(119,863)		
Total	\$	(455,653)	\$	(71,893)	\$	(527,546)		

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

School District Plan

The total OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2019, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified.

PSERS

The total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2019, was determined by rolling forward the System's Total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2018 to June 30, 2019 using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement.

	School District Plan	PSERS
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry age normal	Entry age normal – level % of pay.
Investment Rate of Return	3.36% - S&P 20 year high grade municipal bond rate.	2.79% - S&P 20 year municipal bond rate.
Salary	An assumption for salary increase is used for spreading contributions over future pay under the entry age normal cost method. For this purpose, salary increases are composed of a 2.5% cost of living adjustment, 1% real wage growth, and for teachers and administrators a merit increase which varies by age from 2.75% to 0%.	Effective average of 5.00%, comprised of inflation of 2.75% and 2.25% for real wage growth and for merit or seniority increases.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions (Continued)

PSERS (Continued)

(Continued)	School District Plan	PSERS
Mortality	Separate rates are assumed preretirement and postretirement using the rates assumed in the PSERS defined benefit pension plan actuarial valuation. Incorporated into the table are rates projected generationally by the Buck Modified 2016 projection scale to reflect mortality improvement.	Based on the RP-2014 Mortality Tables for Males and Females, adjusted to reflect PSERS' experience and projected using a modified version of the MP-2015 Mortality Improvement Scale.
Percentage of Eligible Employees Electing Coverage in Plan	50% of employees are assumed to elect coverage at retirement.	Eligible retirees will elect to participate pre-age 65 at 50% and eligible retirees will elect to participate post-age 65 at 70%.
Health Care Cost Trend Rate	6.00% in 2018, and 5.5% in 2019 through 2021. Rates gradually decrease from 5.4% in 2022 to 3.8% in 2075 and later based on the Society of Actuaries Long-Run Medical Cost Trend Model.	Applied to retirees with less than \$1,200 in premium assistance per year. Benefit is capped at \$1,200 per year.
Per Capita Claims Cost	The per capita claims cost for medical and prescription drug is based on the expected portion of the group's overall cost attributed to individuals in the specified age and gender brackets. The resulting costs are as follows: age 45-49, \$ 6,438 for males and \$ 9,297 for females; 50-54, \$ 8,526 for males and \$ 10,508 for females; 55-59, \$ 10,384 for males and \$ 10,995 for females; and 60-64, \$ 13,551 for males and \$ 12,631 for females.	N/A

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions (Continued)

PSERS

Investment Rate

Investments consist primarily of short-term assets designed to protect the principal of the plan assets. The expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using the OPEB asset allocation policy and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each asset class.

The OPEB plan's policy in regard to the allocation of investment plan assets is established and may be amended by the Board. Under the program, as defined in the retirement code employer contribution rates for premium assistance are established to provide reserves in the health insurance account that are sufficient for the payment of premium assistance benefits for each succeeding year.

OPEB – Asset Class	Target Allocation	Expected Real Rate of Return
Cash	13.2%	0.20%
US Core Fixed Income	83.1%	1.00%
Non-US Developed Fixed	<u>3.7%</u>	0.00%
	<u>100.0%</u>	

The above was the Board's adopted asset allocation policy and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class as of June 30, 2019.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 3.36% and 2.79% for the School District's Plan and PSERS, respectively. The School District Plan is not funded, therefore, the S&P 20 year high grade municipal bond rate of 3.36% as of July 1, 2019 is applicable discount rate. Under the PSERS plan's funding policy, contributions are structured for short term funding of premium assistance. The funding policy sets contribution rates necessary to assure solvency of premium assistance through the third fiscal year after the actuarial valuation date. The premium assistance account is funded to establish reserves that are sufficient for the payment of premium assistance benefits for each succeeding year. Due to the short-term funding policy, the OPEB's plan fiduciary net position was not projected to be sufficient to meet projected future benefit payments, therefore the plan is considered a "pay-as-you-go" plan. A discount rate of 2.79% which represents the S&P 20 year municipal bond rate at June 30, 2019, was applied to all projected benefit payments to measure the total OPEB liability.

Sensitivity of the Total and Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the total and net OPEB liabilities of the School District, as well as what the School District's liabilities would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current discount rate.

	Current					
	1	% Decrease	Di	scount Rate	1% Increase	
		2.36%		3.36%		4.36%
School District Plan - Total OPEB liability	\$	3,083,114	\$	2,863,953	\$	2,658,367

		Current	
	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
	1.79%	2.79%	3.79%
PSERS - School District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	5,267,000	4,623,755	4,090,000

Sensitivity of the Total and Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rate

The following presents the total and net OPEB liabilities of the plans, as well as what the plans' total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using the healthcare cost trend rate that are one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

School District Plan

	1% Decrease (5.0% decreasing to 2.8%)	Healthcare Cost Trend Rate (6.0% decreasing to 3.8%)	1% Increase (7.0% decreasing to 4.8%)
School District Plan - Total OPEB Liability	\$ 2,543,551	\$ 2,863,953	\$ 3,245,612
PSERS			
	1% Decrease (Between 4% to 7%)	Healthcare Cost Trend Rate (Between 5% to 8%)	1% Increase (Between 6% to 9%)
PSERS - School District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$ 4,623,000	\$ 4,623,755	\$ 4,624,000

OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position

PSERS

Detailed information about PSERS' fiduciary net position is available in the PSERS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report which can be found on the System's website at www.psers.pa.gov.

Payables to the OPEB Plan

School District Plan

As of June 30, 2020, the School District had no amounts payable to the School District OPEB Plan.

PSERS

As of June 30, 2020, the School District had \$88,327 included in accrued salaries and benefits liability, of which \$61,407 is for the contractually required contribution for the second quarter of 2020 and \$26,920 is related to the accrued payroll liability for wages incurred as of June 30, 2020.

NOTE 11 PENSION PLAN

General Information About the Pension Plan

Plan Description

PSERS is a governmental cost-sharing multi-employer defined benefit pension plan that provides retirement benefits to public school employees of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania. The members eligible to participate in the System include all full-time public school employees, part-time hourly public school employees who render at least 500 hours of service in the school year, and part-time per diem public school employees who render at least 80 days of service in the school year in any of the reporting entities in Pennsylvania. PSERS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at www.psers.pa.gov.

Benefits Provided

PSERS provides retirement, disability, and death benefits. Members are eligible for monthly retirement benefits upon reaching (a) age 62 with at least 1 year of credited service; (b) age 60 with 30 or more years of credited service; or (C) 35 or more years of service regardless of age. Act 120 of 2010 (Act 120) preserves the benefits of existing members and introduced benefit reductions for individuals who become new members on or after July 1, 2011. Act 120 created two new membership classes, Membership Class T-E (Class T-E) and Membership Class T-F (Class T-F). To qualify for normal retirement, Class T-E and Class T-F members must work until age 65 with a minimum of 3 years of service or attain a total combination of age and service that is equal to or greater than 92 with a minimum of 35 years of service. Benefits are generally equal to 2% or 2.5%, depending upon membership class, of the member's final average salary (as defined by the Code) multiplied by the number of years of credited service. For members whose membership started prior to July 1, 2011, after completion of five years of service, a member's right to the defined benefits is vested and early retirement benefits may be elected. For Class T-E and Class T-F members, the rights to benefits is vested after ten years of service.

Act 5 of 2017 (Act 5) introduced a hybrid benefit plan with two membership classes and a separate defined contribution plan for individuals who become new members on or after July 1, 2019. Act 5 created two new hybrid membership classes, Membership Class T-G (Class T-G) and Membership Class T-H (Class T-H) and the separate defined contribution membership class, Membership Class DC (Class DC).

Class T-G and Class T-H members that qualify for a defined benefit normal retirement benefit must work until age 67 with a minimum of 3 years of service or attain a total combination of age and service that is equal to or greater than 97 with a minimum of 35 years of service.

Defined benefits for T-G and T-H are 1.25% of 1.00%, depending upon membership class, of the member's final average salary (as defined in the Code) multiplied by the number of years of credited service. A members' right to a defined benefit is vested in 10 years.

General Information About the Pension Plan (Continued)

Benefits Provided (Continued)

Participants are eligible for disability retirement benefits after completion of five years of credited service. Such benefits are generally equal to 2% or 2.5%, depending upon membership class, of the member's final average salary (as defined by the Code) multiplied by the number of years of credited service, but not less than one-third of such salary nor greater than the benefits the member would have had at normal retirement age. Members over normal retirement age may apply for disability benefits.

Death benefits are payable upon the death of an active member who has reached age 62 with at least one year of credited service (age 65 with at least three years of credited service for Class T-E and Class T-F members) or who has at least five years of credited service (ten years for Class T-E and Class T-F members). Such benefits are actuarially equivalent to the benefit that would have been effective if the member had retired on the day before death.

Contributions

Member contributions:

Active members who joined the System prior to July 22, 1983 contribute at 5.25% (Membership Class T-C) or at 6.50% (Membership Class T-D) of the member's qualifying compensation.

Members who joined the System on or after July 22, 1983, and who were active or inactive as of July 1, 2001 contribute at 6.25% (Membership Class T-C) or at 7.50% (Membership Class T-D) of the member's qualifying compensation.

Members who joined the System after June 30, 2001 and before July 1, 2011, contribute at 7.50% (automatic Membership Class T-D). For all new hires and for members who elected Class T-D membership, the higher contribution rates began with service rendered on or after January 1, 2002.

Members who joined the System after June 30, 2011 automatically contribute at the Membership Class T-E rate of 7.5% (base rate) of the member's qualifying compensation. All new hires after June 30, 2011, who elect Class T-F membership, contribute at 10.3% (base rate) of the member's qualifying compensation. Membership Class T-E and Class T-F are affected by a "shared risk" provision in Act 120 of 2010 that in future fiscal years could cause the Membership Class T-E contribution rate to fluctuate between 7.5% and 9.5% and Membership Class T-F contribution rate to fluctuate between 10.3% and 12.3%.

Members who joined the System after June 30, 2019, are defaulted into Membership Class T-G rate of 8.25% (base rate) of the member's qualifying compensation. Members may elect Class T-H which has a rate of 7.50%. Each of these classes are a hybrid of defined benefit and defined contribution plans. Members may also elect Class DC, which is a defined contribution plan, with a rate of 7.50%

General Information About the Pension Plan (Continued)

Contributions (Continued)

Employer Contributions:

The School District's contractually required contribution rate for fiscal year ended June 30, 2020 was 33.45% of covered payroll, actuarially determined as an amount that, when combined with employee contributions, is expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions from the School District recognized as revenue by the pension plan were \$ 9,617,658 for the year ended June 30, 2020.

State Funding:

The Commonwealth of Pennsylvania generally reimburses the School District for 50%-60% of its retirement expense. This arrangement does not meet the criteria of a special funding situation in accordance with GASB standards. Therefore, the net pension liabilities and related pension expense represent 100% of the School District's share of these amounts. During the year ended June 30, 2020, the School District recognized revenue of \$ 5,325,222 as reimbursement for its current year pension payments.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2020, the School District reported a liability of \$ 101,705,390 in the Statement of Net Position for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2019, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by rolling forward the System's total pension liability as of June 30, 2018 to June 30, 2019. The School District's proportion of the net pension liability was calculated utilizing the employer's one-year reported covered payroll as it relates to the total one-year reported covered payroll. At June 30, 2020, the School District's proportion was 0.2174 percent, which was a decrease of 0.0013 percent from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2019.

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the School District recognized pension expense of \$9,007,981.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

At June 30, 2020, the School District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

		Deferred Outflows of	Deferred Inflows of
	_	Resources	Resources
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$	560,000	\$ 3,371,000
Changes in assumptions		972,000	-
Net difference between projected and actual investment earnings		-	291,000
Changes in proportionate share - plan		-	3,063,000
Changes in proportionate share - fund		45,576	45,576
Difference between employer contributions and proportionate			
share of total contributions		161,248	-
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date		9,678,731	
	\$	11,417,555	\$ 6,770,576

The \$ 9,678,731 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from School District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:	
2021	\$ (1,365,298)
2022	(2,692,495)
2023	(1,153,959)
2024	 180,000
Total	\$ (5,031,752)

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability as of June 30, 2019 was determined by rolling forward the System's total pension liability as of the June 30, 2018 to June 30, 2019 using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

- Actuarial cost method Entry Age Normal level percent of pay.
- Investment rate of return 7.25%, includes inflation at 2.75%.
- Salary growth effective average of 5.00%, comprised of inflation of 2.75% and 2.25% for real wage growth and for merit and seniority increases.

Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

 Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Mortality Tables for Males and Females, adjusted to reflect PSERS' experience and projected using a modified version of the MP-2015 Mortality Improvement Scale.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2019 valuation were based on the experience study that was performed for the five-year period ending June 30, 2015.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expenses and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

The pension plan's policy in regard to the allocation of invested plan assets is established and may be amended by the Board. Plan assets are managed with a long-term objective of achieving and maintaining a fully funded status for the benefits provided through the pension.

		Long-Term
	Target	Expected Real
Asset Class	Allocation	Rate of Return
Global public entity	20.0%	5.6%
Fixed income	36.0%	1.9%
Commodities	8.0%	2.7%
Absolute return	10.0%	3.4%
Risk parity	10.0%	4.1%
Infrastructure/MLPs	8.0%	5.5%
Real estate	10.0%	4.1%
Alternative instruments	15.0%	7.4%
Cash	3.0%	0.3%
Financing (LIBOR)	(20.0%)	0.7%
	100%	
	\ <u></u>	

The above was the PSERS's Board's adopted asset allocation policy and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class as of June 30, 2019.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.25%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rate and that contributions from employers will be made at contractually required rates, actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Discount Rate (Continued)

The following presents the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.25%, as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower (6.25%) or 1-percentage point higher (8.25%) than the current rate:

		Current	
	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
	6.25%	7.25%	8.25%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 126,685,000	\$ 101,705,390	\$ 80,554,000

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about PSERS' fiduciary net position is available in PSERS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report which can be found on the System's website at www.psers.pa.gov.

Payables to the Pension Plan

As of June 30, 2020, the School District had \$ 3,428,965 included in accrued salaries and benefits liability, of which \$ 2,383,890 is for the contractually required contribution for the second quarter of 2020 and \$ 1,045,075 is related to the accrued payroll liability for wages incurred as of June 30, 2020.

NOTE 12 AFFILIATES

As explained in Note 1, the Carlisle Area School District is affiliated with the Harrisburg Area Community College (HACC). Total expenses incurred for HACC during the year ended June 30, 2020 were \$ 240,606.

NOTE 13 COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

The School District is subject to real estate tax assessment appeals on an ongoing basis. If tax appeals are successful, the result is a loss of tax revenue to the School District. It is anticipated that any material loss of tax revenue on individual tax appeals will be offset with additional revenues from other properties or other sources of revenue and would not create a financial hardship to the School District.

The School District is involved with various potential lawsuits in the normal course of operations. In most cases, management cannot predict the outcome of the lawsuits or estimate the amount of any loss that may result. Management believes that losses resulting from these matters, if any, would be substantially covered under the School District's professional liability insurance policy and would not have a material effect on the financial position of the School District.

NOTE 13 COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (CONTINUED)

The School District participates in numerous state and federal programs, which are governed by various rules and regulations of the grantor agencies. Costs charged to the respective grant programs are subject to audit and adjustment by the grantor agencies; therefore, to the extent that the School District has not complied with rules and regulations governing the grants, refunds of any money received may be required and the collectability of any related receivable at June 30, 2020 may be impaired. In the opinion of the School District, there are no significant contingent liabilities relating to compliance with the rules and regulations governing the respective grants; therefore, no provision has been recorded in the accompanying combined financial statements for such contingencies.

See Note 7 for a description of construction commitments at June 30, 2020.

NOTE 14 RISK MANAGEMENT - INSURANCE

The School District's risk management activities are recorded in the general, food service, and internal service funds and are related to administering employee life, health, and disability, property and liability, worker's compensation, and unemployment insurance programs. The School District's risk management activities do not constitute a transfer of risk from the School District. Settlement amounts have not exceeded insurance coverage for the current year or three prior years.

Significant losses are covered by commercial insurance for all major programs except workers' compensation and health insurance.

On July 1, 1995, the School District established the South Central Region School Employees Benefit and Welfare Trust (the Trust), a public entity risk pool, to provide its employees medical and dental insurance. The member school districts of the Trust elect trustees to manage it, but the risk is not shared among all members. At June 30, 2020, there were ten member school districts in the Trust. The School District uses a "claim-based" funding plan for medical insurance. Under this plan, the School District pays the Trust based on actual claims paid, or in essence, self-insures. The School District utilizes an internal service fund to account for the revenues and expenses of the program.

Payments are made from the general fund and food service fund to the internal service fund based on an estimate of expected claims established by the insurance carrier at the beginning of the year. Premiums charged in excess of claims paid and administrative costs are deposited in a rate-stabilization fund for the School District. Since the School District is responsible for its own risk, additional assessments would be charged to make up any deficiencies in this fund related to the School District; thus, this functions like a retrospectively rated program. The balance remaining in the rate-stabilization fund held by the Trust is considered a prepaid expense within the internal service fund. Provisions are in effect by the Trust to refund any excess monies should the School District withdraw or the Trust be dissolved. The School District maintains stop loss coverage for claims greater than \$ 250,000 individually and has an unlimited lifetime benefit per person.

NOTE 14 RISK MANAGEMENT - INSURANCE (CONTINUED)

Changes in health insurance claims liability amounts (including stop loss premiums and administrative charges) for the years ended June 30 were as follows:

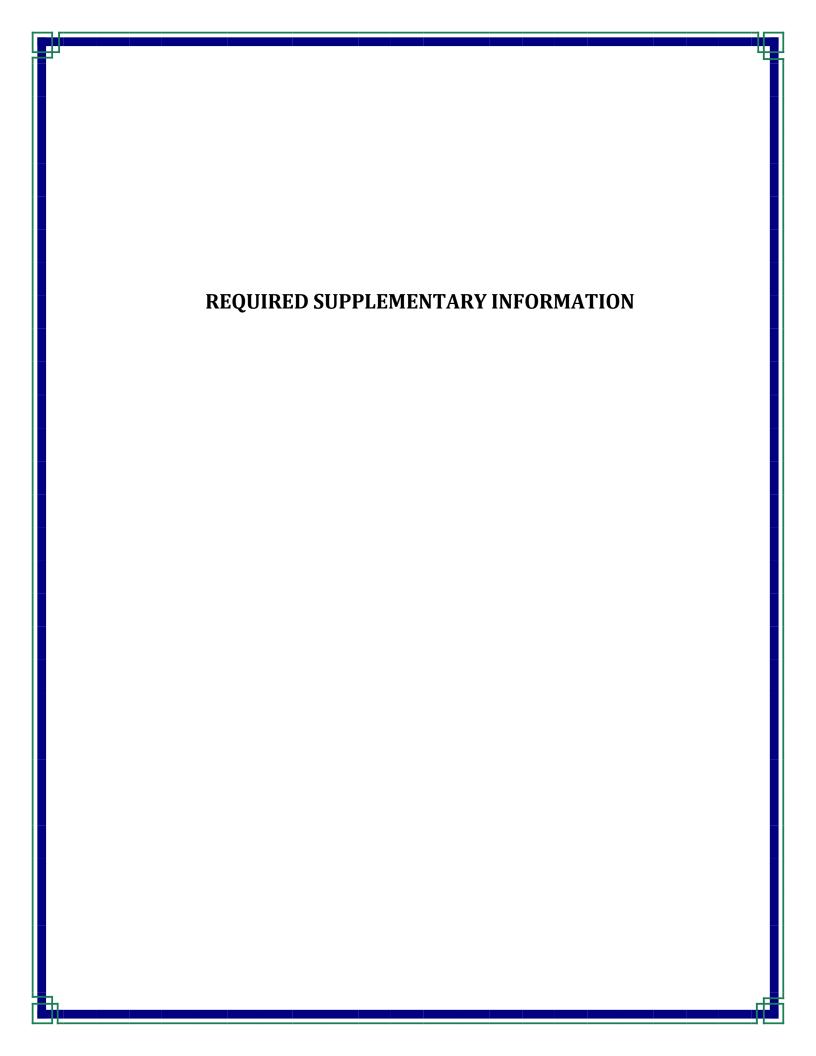
				Cu	rrent Year			
					Expense			
				(including			
	Year Ended	L	iability	C	hanges in			Liability
_	June 30	Ве	eginning	I	Estimate)	F	ayments	Ending
_	2020	\$	432,720	\$	6,878,299	\$	6,979,320	\$ 331,699
	2019		364,365		7,503,347		7,434,992	432,720

The ending liability consists of incurred but not reported (IBNR) claims as of June 30, 2020. The IBNR was estimated based on actual claims incurred prior to June 30, 2020, but paid after year end. The ending liability above is netted with prepaid expenses within the Medical Insurance Fund.

NOTE 15 LEASES

The School District has entered into a noncancelable operating lease for copiers. Rent expense for 2019-2020 was \$ 160,957. The School District has the following future minimum payments:

2020-2021	\$ 77,593
2021-2022	3,580
2022-2023	3,580
2023-2024	3,580
2024-2025	 903
	\$ 89,236



CARLISLE AREA SCHOOL DISTRICT Schedule of School District's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability Public School Employees' Retirement System

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30	School District's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	School Distric Proportional Share of the N Pension Liabil (Asset)	e Scho et Cover ity mea	ol District's red Payroll - asurement period	School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability
2020	0.2174%	\$ 101,705,3	390 \$	29,977,178	339.28%	55.66%
2019	0.2187%	104,987,0	000	29,449,026	356.50%	54.00%
2018	0.2229%	110,086,7	755	29,693,080	370.75%	51.84%
2017	0.2660%	112,295,7	770	29,350,454	382.60%	50.14%
2016	0.2375%	102,873,8	359	30,552,732	336.71%	54.36%
2015	0.2392%	94.677.0)75	30.521.811	310.19%	57.24%

NOTES

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the measurement period year-end that was used for the fiscal year. For PSERS, the measurement period year-end is one year prior to the fiscal year-end.

This schedule will be expanded to show 10 fiscal years once information becomes available in the future.

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions

The following actuarial assumptions were changed during the 2017 fiscal year:

- The investment rate of return was adjusted from 7.50% to 7.25%
- The inflation assumption was decreased from 3.0% to 2.75%
- Salary growth changed from an effective average of 5.50%, which was comprised of inflation of 3.00%, real wage growth and for merit or seniority increases of 2.50%, to an effective average of 5.00%, comprised of inflation of 2.75% for real wage growth and for merit or seniority increases.
- Mortality rates were modified from the RP-2000 Combined Health Annuitant Tables (male and female) with age set back 3 years for both males and females to the RP-2014 Mortality Tables for Males and Females, adjusted to reflect PSERS' experience and projected using a modified version of the MP-2015 Mortality Improvement Scale. For disabled annuitants the RP-2000 Combined Disabled Tables (male and female) with age set back 7 years for males and 3 years for females to the RP-2014 Mortality Tables for Males and Females, adjusted to reflect PSERS' experience and projected using a modified version of the MP-2015 Mortality Improvement Scale.

CARLISLE AREA SCHOOL DISTRICT Schedule of School District's Contributions - Public School Employees' Retirement System

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30	F	ntractually Required ntribution	Rel Co:	ributions in ation to the ntractually Required ntribution		ontribution Deficiency (Excess)		ered Payroll - Fiscal Year	Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
2020	\$	9,617,658	\$	9,617,658	\$	_	\$	28,843,151	33.34%
2019	Ψ	9.742.415	Ψ	9,742,415	Ψ	_	Ψ	29,977,178	32.50%
2018		9,298,886		9,298,886		-		29,449,026	31.58%
2017		8,579,295		8,579,295		-		29,693,080	28.89%
2016		7,244,887		7,244,887		-		29,350,454	24.68%
2015		6,162,467		6,162,467		-		30,552,732	20.17%
2014		4,800,513		4,800,513		-		30,521,811	15.73%
2013		3,370,494		3,370,494		-		29,923,678	11.26%

Notes

This schedule will be expanded to show 10 fiscal years once information becomes available in the future.

CARLISLE AREA SCHOOL DISTRICT Schedule of Changes in the School District's Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios – School District Plan

	2020	2019	2018
Total OPEB liability - School District Plan			
Service cost	\$ 192,577	\$ 179,975	\$ 235,299
Interest	74,192	72,422	81,125
Differences between expected and actual			
experience	424,606	-	(1,130,457)
Changes in assumptions	(81,726)	786	74,450
Benefit payments	 (93,348)	 (85,881)	 (224,300)
Net change in total OPEB liability	516,301	167,302	(963,883)
Total OPEB liability - beginning	 2,347,652	2,180,350	3,144,233
Total OEPB liability - ending	\$ 2,863,953	\$ 2,347,652	\$ 2,180,350
Covered employee payroll	\$ 26,725,321	N/A	\$ 29,132,167
Total OPEB liability as a percentage of			
covered employee payroll	10.72%	N/A	7.48%
Notes			

Notes

This schedule will be expanded to show 10 fiscal years once trends as additional information becomes available in the future.

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as a measurement period year end that was used for the fiscal year. For the School District plan, the measurement period year end is one year prior to the fiscal year end.

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions:

Effective for fiscal year 2017-2018

- Revised per capital claim cost estimates
- 3.00% discount rate; previously 4.50% was assumed

Effective for fiscal year 2019-2020

• 3.36% discount rate; previously 3.00% was assumed

CARLISLE AREA SCHOOL DISTRICT Schedule of School District's Proportionate Share of Net OPEB Liability - Public School Employees' Retirement System

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30	School District's Proportion of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset)	Propo of th	of the Net OPEB Covered Pay		ool District's ered Payroll - urement period	School District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	Plan Fiduciary Net
2020	0.2174%	\$	4,623,755	\$	29,977,178	15.42%	5.56%
2019	0.2187%		4,559,992		29,449,026	15.48%	5.56%
2018	0.2229%		4,541,391		29,693,080	15.29%	5.47%

NOTES

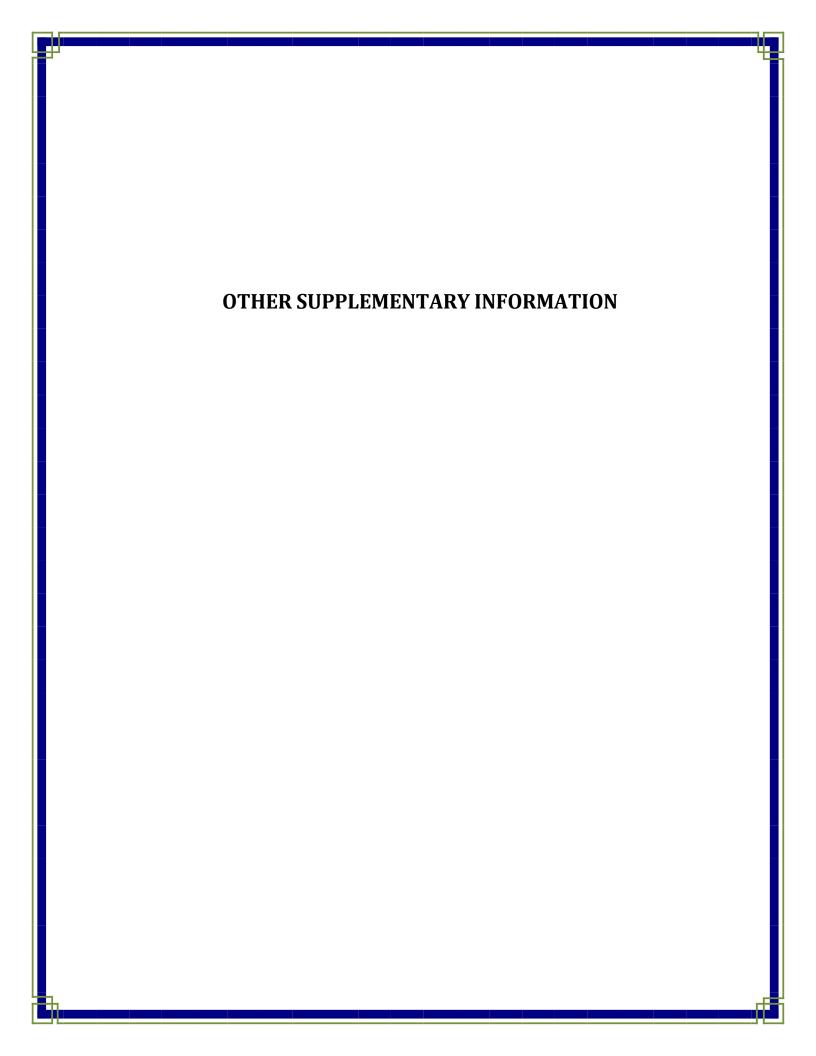
This schedule will be expanded to show 10 fiscal years once information becomes available in the future.

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as the measurement period year-end that was used for the fiscal year. For PSERS, the measurement period year-end is one year prior to the fiscal year-end.

CARLISLE AREA SCHOOL DISTRICT Schedule of School District's OPEB Contributions - Public School Employees' Retirement **System**

	For the Fiscal Year Req		Contractually Required Contribution	-	Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution]	Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	С	overed Payroll - Fiscal Year	Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Employee Payroll
	2020	\$	243,928	\$	243,928	\$	-	\$	28,843,151	0.85%
	2019		250,347		250,347		-		29,977,178	0.84%
	2018		243,636		243,636		-		29,449,026	0.83%
N	OTES									

This schedule will be expanded to show 10 fiscal years once information becomes available in the



CARLISLE AREA SCHOOL DISTRICT Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Year Ended June 30, 2020

Grantor Program Title	Source Code	Federal CFDA Number	Pass Through Grantor's Number	Grant Period Beginning/ Ending Date	Program or Award Amount	Total Received for the Year	Receivable (Unearned) at July 1, 2019	Revenue Recognized	Expenditures Recognized	Receivable (Unearned) at June 30, 2020	Total Passed-Through to Subrecipients
U.S. Department of Education											
Impact Aid	D	84.041	N/A	July 1, 2019 - June 30, 2020	481,795	481,795		481,795	481,795		
Total direct funds						481,795	<u> </u>	481,795	481,795		
Passed through the Pennsylvania Department of	Education										
ESEA Title I Improving Basic Programs	I	84.010	013-20-0063	July 1, 2019 - September 30, 2020	930,078	730,846	-	910,787	910,787	179,941	-
ESEA Title I Improving Basic Programs	I	84.010	013-19-0063	July 1, 2018 - September 30, 2019	945,951	66,723	43,608	23,115	23,115	-	-
Title I						797,569	43,608	933,902	933,902	179,941	-
ESEA Title II Improving Teacher Quality	I	84.367	020-20-0063	July 1, 2019 - September 30, 2020	164,378	165,133		164,214	164,214	(919)	-
ESEA Title II Improving Teacher Quality	I	84.367	020-19-0063	July 1, 2018 - September 30, 2019	169,708	(473)	(473)	-	-	- 1	-
Title II						164,660	(473)	164,214	164,214	(919)	
						,	, ,	,	•	,	
ESEA Title III Language Instruction	I	84.365	010-20-0063	July 1, 2019 - September 30, 2020	39,227	39,227	-	39,227	39,227	-	_
ESEA Title III Language Instruction	I	84.365	010-19-0063	July 1, 2018 - September 30, 2019	42,303	18,130	14,698	3,432	3,432	-	-
Title III						57,357	14,698	42,659	42,659	-	-
ESEA Title IV Student Support & Academic											
Enrichment	I	84.424	144-20-0063	July 1, 2019 - September 30, 2020	70,799	45,514	-	43,588	43,588	(1,926)	-
ESEA Title IV Student Support & Academic											
Enrichment	I	84.424	144-19-0063	July 1, 2018 - September 30, 2019	66,665	28,571	20,781	7,790	7,790		
Title IV						74,085	20,781	51,378	51,378	(1,926)	-
Secondary Allocation - Perkins	ī	84.048	380-20-0106	July 1, 2019 - September 30, 2020	68,954	68,954	_	68,954	68,954		
Secondary Allocation - Perkins	1	84.048	380-20-0106	July 1, 2019 - September 30, 2020	64,748	5,396	5,396	00,934	00,934	-	-
•	1	04.040	300-19-0100	July 1, 2016 - September 30, 2019	04,740	74,350	5,396	68,954	68,954		
Perkins						74,330	3,390	00,934	00,934	-	-
Total - Pennsylvania Department of Education	n					1,168,021	84,010	1,261,107	1,261,107	177,096	_
Passed through Capital Area Intermediate Unit		04.027	N1 / A	1.1.1.2010 120.2020	010 200	010 200		010 200	010 200		
I.D.E.A. I.D.E.A.	I T	84.027 84.027	N/A N/A	July 1, 2019 - June 30, 2020 July 1, 2019 - June 30, 2020	910,200 7,500	910,200 7,500	-	910,200 7,500	910,200 7,500	-	
	1	04.027	N/A	July 1, 2017 - Julie 30, 2020	7,300						
Total Special Education Cluster						917,700	-	917,700	917,700	-	-
Total - Capital Area Intermediate Unit						917,700	_	917,700	917,700	_	_
•											
Total U.S. Department of Education						2,567,516	84,010	2,660,602	2,660,602	177,096	-
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·											

CARLISLE AREA SCHOOL DISTRICT Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (Continued) Year Ended June 30, 2020

Grantor Program Title	Source Code	Federal CFDA Number	Pass Through Grantor's Number	Grant Period Beginning/ Ending Date	Program or Award Amount	Total Received for the Year	Receivable (Unearned) at July 1, 2019	Revenue Recognized	Expenditures Recognized	Receivable (Unearned) at June 30, 2020	Total Passed-Through to Subrecipients
U.S. Department of Agriculture											
Fresh Fruit and Vegetable Passed through Pennsylvania Department of Ed	ucation										
Fresh Fruit and Vegetable Program	I	10.582	N/A	July 1, 2019 - June 30, 2020	N/A	9,832		9,832	9,832		
Child Nutrition Cluster Passed through Pennsylvania Department of Ed	ucation										
School Breakfast Program COVID-19 School Breakfast Program	I I	10.553 10.553	N/A N/A	July 1, 2019 - June 30, 2020 July 1, 2019 - June 30, 2020	N/A N/A	294,278 89,078	<u> </u>	294,278 89,078	294,278 89,078		<u> </u>
Total School Breakfast Program						383,356	-	383,356	383,356	-	-
National School Lunch Program (cash) COVID-19 National School Lunch Program (cash)	I I	10.555 10.555	N/A N/A	July 1, 2019 - June 30, 2020 July 1, 2019 - June 30, 2020	N/A N/A	824,208 140,905	<u>-</u>	824,208 140,905	824,208 140,905		<u>-</u>
Total National Lunch School Program						965,113	-	965,113	965,113	-	-
Passed through the Pennsylvania Department of Agriculture											
National School Lunch Program (commodities)	I(B)	10.555	N/A	July 1, 2019 - June 30, 2020	N/A	174,967		174,967	174,967		
Total National School Lunch Program						1,140,080		1,140,080	1,140,080		
Total Child Nutrition Cluster						1,523,436		1,523,436	1,523,436		
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture						1,533,268		1,533,268	1,533,268	<u> </u>	
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards						\$ 4,100,784	\$ 84,010	\$ 4,193,870	\$ 4,193,870	\$ 177,096	\$ -

CARLISLE AREA SCHOOL DISTRICT Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Year Ended June 30, 2020

NOTE 1 REFERENCES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

- (D) Direct funding
- (I) Indirect funding
- (B) Based on USDA valuation

NOTE 2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of Accounting

The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented using the modified accrual basis in accordance with accounting principles prescribed by the Pennsylvania Department of Education, which conform to generally accepted government accounting policies. Expenditures are recognized in the accounting period in which the liability is incurred, if measurable. Revenues designated for payment of specific School District expenditures are recognized when the related expenditures are incurred. Any excess of revenues or expenditures at the fiscal year end is recorded as accounts payable or a receivable, respectively.

Indirect Cost Rate

The School District has elected not to use the 10% de minimis indirect cost rate for its federal program.



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Board of Directors Carlisle Area School District Carlisle, Pennsylvania

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Carlisle Area School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Carlisle Area School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 21, 2020.

INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Carlisle Area School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Carlisle Area School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Carlisle Area School District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Carlisle Area School District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

PURPOSE OF THIS REPORT

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Smith Elliott Kearns * Company, LLC

Carlisle, Pennsylvania December 21, 2020



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Board of Directors Carlisle Area School District Carlisle, Pennsylvania

REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM

We have audited Carlisle Area School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of Carlisle Area School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2020. Carlisle Area School District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of Carlisle Area School District's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Carlisle Area School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of Carlisle Area School District's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, Carlisle Area School District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2020.

REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE

Management of Carlisle Area School District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the School District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Snith Elliott Kearns* Company, LLC
Carlisle, Pennsylvania
December 21, 2020

Section I - Summary of Auditor's Results

Financial Statements						
Type of auditor's report issued:	Unmodified					
Internal control over financial reporting:						
Material weakness(es) identified?Significant deficiencies identified?	□ Yes □ Yes	⊠ No ⊠ None Reported				
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	□ Yes	⊠ No				
Federal Awards						
Internal control over major programs:						
Material weakness(es) identified?Significant deficiencies identified?	□ Yes □ Yes	⊠ No ⊠ None Reported				
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for the major programs:	Unmodified	d				
 Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR Section 200.516? 	□ Yes	⊠ No				
Identification of the major programs:						
CFDA Number(s)	Name o	of Federal Program				
10.553 10.555	Child Nutrition School Brea	Child Nutrition Cluster: School Breakfast Program National School Lunch Program				
84.010	Title I – Imp	Title I – Improving Basic Programs				
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and type B programs	<u>\$ 750,000</u>					
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?	□ Yes	⊠ No				

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Section II - Financial Statement Findings

A. Significant Deficiencies or Material Weaknesses in Internal Control

None noted

B. Compliance Findings

There were no compliance findings related to the financial statement audit required to be reported.

Section III - Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

A. Significant Deficiencies or Material Weaknesses in Internal Control Over Compliance

None noted

B. Compliance Findings

There were no findings related to the major federal awards as required to be reported in accordance with the Uniform Guidance by 2 CFR Section 200.516.



Carlisle Area School District 540 West North Street • Carlisle, Pennsylvania 17013 717-240-6800 • www.carlisleschools.org Christina M. Spielbauer • Superintendent

Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings Year Ended June 30, 2020

Findings related to financial statements:

Finding 2019-001: Procurement Cards

Condition: There were a number of duplicate charges to the School District's

procurement card that were not identified as receivables within the

School District's accounting records.

Status: Corrective action was taken.

Finding 2019-002: Accounts Payable

Condition: It was determined that there were transportation related invoices for

the 2017/2018 fiscal year that were recorded as expenditures in the

2018/2019 fiscal year.

Status: Corrective action was taken.

Findings related to federal awards:

None.